# The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 2741 | 第二千七百四十一號 | 日二廿月八 年寅丙治同 | HONGKONG, THURSDAY, 2ND AUGUST, 1866. | 四年禮 | 號二月八英 | 港香 | PRICE $2½ PER MONTH


## Business Announcements.

YUE-CHEONG,
RETAIL TEA DEALER

BEGS to inform the community that he has received his supply of New Seasons. Teas comprising choice Oolong, Pekoe and Souchong tf 1628 Hongkong, 6th July, 1866.

THE ORIENTAL DISPENSARY AND SODA WATER MANUFACTORY, F. P. SOARES & Co. beg to inform the Public, that they have this day opened the above Establishment on the premises, at the corner of Wellington and Peel Streets, and one door east of Messrs. J. Roberts, Snr. & Co.'s Auction Rooms.

The Dispensary will be under the Special Management of Mr. F. P. SOARES, whose long experience as Dispenser, extending to a period of Thirteen Years at the Dispensary of the late Dr. Watson, from whom he holds first-rate testimonials, enables the advertisers to offer the assurance to those who may favor them with order, that all prescriptions will be most carefully prepared, and other orders satisfactorily and very promptly executed.

The Medicines used are all fresh and of the very best quality, having recently been imported by *Sir Gilbert* from the best London Druggists.

Captains of vessels may have their Medicine Chests fitted up to advantage, both as regards Price and Quality of Drugs, &c.

FEEDING BOTTLES of various descriptions; CONCENTRATED ETHEREAL ESSENCE of JAMAICA GINGER; SARSAPARILLA; DISINFECTING FLUIDS; HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENTS; COCKLE'S PILLS; ASCORTED COUGH and other LOZENGES; PERFUMERY; TOILET POWDERS; POMATUM; GENUINE OLD SHERLING SALVE; SOAPS; Hair, Nail, and Tooth BRUSHES; SPONGES; EYE GLASSES, &c., &c.

IT SAILS
CHARGES MODERATE!!!

SODA WATER, LEMONADE and GINGERADE unequalled in excellence of quality and purity.

6m 1281 Hongkong, 16th June, 1866.

BOOKBINDING.
REDUCTION IN PRICES!

GINDELL, Bookbinder, in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal support he has hitherto received, begs most respectfully to notify that he is prepared to execute all work entrusted to his care in a first rate manner at considerably reduced prices.

All his materials are of the best English Manufacture. Books of every description bound in the neatest and most elegant styles.

A. GINDELL,
Wellington-street.

tf 971 Hongkong, 23rd March, 1865.

## HONGKONG MARKETS.

*Sales on the 31st July, 1866.*

| Vessel | Goods Sold | Price | Purchaser |
|---|---|---|---|
| Yanchi & Co | 1,200 ... Grey shirting | $3.87½ | Ewing-shee-hong |
| Gifford & Co | 2,000 ... 8-4th do. | 3.87½ | do. |
| Gibb, L. & Co | 1,200 ... 7-8 do. | 3.85 | Mee-long |
| Holliday, Wise & Co | 1,200 ... 7-8 do. | 4.00 | Kwong-lung-yune |
| Turner & Co | 250 ... HH White Shirting | 7.75 | Ko-loong-tye |
| Barrow & Co | 1,200 ... 7-8 Grey shirting | 3.05 | Mee-loong and Wo-lan |
| Russell & Co | 200 ... Assorted Alpaca | 8.50 | Mee-lun-loong |
| do. | 50 ... Assorted Camlet | 21.00 | do. |
| Barrow & Co | 1,200 ... 7-8 Grey shirting | 3.80 | Mee-loong |
| do. | 25 Nos. Nos. 38-42 | 270.00 | Tut-wo |
| Chaudy & Co | 500 pcs. 8-4th Grey Shirting | 3.90 | Hongkong Merchant |
| do. | 40 pcs. Cotton Velvet | 10.00 | Tye-wo |
| Bibby & Co | 80 bles. Nos. 36-38 | 24.00 | Tye-shang-loong |
| do. | 50 ... Nos. 38-42 | 270.00 | do. |
| do. | 20 ... Shawls | 25.00 | Chinchew Merchant |
| Yee-hun-hong | 1,000 bundles Nos. 18 Iron Nail Rod | 3.35 | Yee-on |
| Oxford & Co | 600 pls. Siam Sapanwood | 2.95 | Travelling Merchant |
| Wing-hong-shing | 200 pls. Siam Rice | 2.12½ | Kwong-hong |
| Wedderburn & Co | 600 bags White Pepper | 8.00 | Travelling Merchant |
| do. | 200 pcs. Nankin Cloth | 1.83 | Ying-hop |
| Ellers & Co | 300 ... Saigon Tiffoo Sugar | 4.35 | Shanghai Merchant |
| do. | 500 boxes Window Glass | 2.70 | On-kee |
| Yuen-hong | 1,000 pls. California Wheat | 2.52 | Canton Merchant |
| do. | 40 bags Tientsin Vermicelli | 10.70 | Travelling Merchant |
| do. | 35 pls. Fungus | 47.30 | Yuen-hong |
| Schellhase & Co | 1,000 bags 50-lb. Flour | 3.40 | Koong-yee |
| Boomen & Co | 200 bags 50-lb. do. | 1.42½ | Travelling Merchant |
| Parnes & Co | 150 ... Red Cuba Molasses | 15.00 | Canton Merchant |
| Chan-yune-heng | 1,000 bls. No. 1-6 iron nail, Rod | 3.25 | Yee-on |
| Pereira & Co | 1,000 bls. No. 1-6 iron nail, Rod | | |

## TONNAGE.

| Vessel & Captain | Flag & Rig | Consignees | Destination |
|---|---|---|---|

### HONGKONG.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jn Beanie, | Hague Brit. sh | 317 Jardine, Matheson & Co | |
| Jan Brun, | Jurgensen Dan. sh | 299 Turner & Co | Fine Charter |
| Jan Thomas, | Carapo Port. sh | 428 Dent & Co | |
| Jann, | A. Bales Brit. sh | 318 Jardine, Matheson & Co | |
| Jno. | Hall Brit. sh | Miscellaneous | |
| Johnson, | Schaack Ham. sh | 281 Shewan, Tomes & Co | Nagasaki |
| Jones, | Rhodes Brit. sh | 300 Order | |
| Jorgensen, | Gerritz Rotn. sh | 300 Order | |
| Jorgensen, | Schaack Ham. sh | 300 Order | |
| Jorgensen, | Mosella Brit. sh | 300 Heard & Co | |
| J. Simons, | Bos Brit. sh | 317 Lapraik | |
| Kaas, | Rhodes Brit. sh | 300 Heard & Co | |
| Kaas, | Patterson Sum. sh | 300 Shewan & Co | |
| Kaas, | Nicholson Ham. sh | 300 Shewan & Co | |
| Kaas, | M. Fraser Brit. sh | 300 Heard & Co | Repairing |
| Kaas, | Klein Brit. sch | 145 Aug. Heard & Co | |
| Kaas, | Bullard Brit. bk | 297 Sewell & Co | Fine Charter |
| Kaas, | Bullard Brit. bk | 297 Adam Scott & Co | Fine Charter |
| Kaas, | Hebert, Fren. bk | 312 Bousson & Co | Saigon |
| Kaas, | Girard Amer. sh | 301 Order | |
| Kaas, | Mouat Belg. bk | 300 Syme, Purvis & Co | Saigon |
| Kaas, | Kruger Ham. sh | 127 Order | |
| Kaas, | Stud Sum. sch | 127 Shewan & Co | |
| Kaas, | B. Rhoudsum, sh | 300 Shewan & Co | |
| Kaas, | Eugene Amer. bk | 317 Order | |
| Kaas, | Andrea Brit. bk | 317 P. & O. S. N. Co | Fine Charter |
| Kaas, | Owens Brit. sh | 300 Moss, Lambert & Co | Fine Charter |
| Kaas, | Rasmussen Pras. bk | 297 Wm. Pustau & Co | |
| Kaas, | Lucas Amer. sh | 278 Smith, Archer & Co | San Francisco |
| Kaas, | Le Cuz Hestel & Co | 144 Cuz, Hestel & Co | |
| Kaas, | L. Gosh Ham. bk | 301 Lamheim & Co | |
| Kaas, | Hansen Brit. sh | 300 Gill & Livingston & Co | |
| Kaas, | Slaughter Brit. sh | 300 Crawford & Co | Bangkok |
| Kaas, | Hansen Ham. sh | 300 Wm. Pustau & Co | For Sale |
| Kaas, | Vicente Portelina | 300 Order | |
| Kaas, | Nordberg Russ. sh | 300 Order | |
| Kaas, | L. Carvey Amer. sh | 317 American Consul | |
| Kaas, | Mellor Brit. sh | 300 Mellor | Fine Charter |
| Kaas, | Richardson Brit. sh | 300 Lilly Dent & Co | Fine Charter |
| Kaas, | Dent & Co Brit. sh | 297 Dent & Co | |
| Kaas, | Wm. Pustau & Co | 272 Wm. Pustau & Co | |
| Kaas, | Passerbieu, sh | 300 Gibb, Livingston & Co | Bombay |
| Kaas, | Hall Brit. sh | 317 Jardine, Matheson & Co | |
| Kaas, | Hall Brit. sh | 297 Shewan & Co | |
| Kaas, | Hall Brit. sh | 300 Order | |
| Kaas, | Hall Brit. sh | 300 Order | |
| Kaas, | Hall Brit. sh | 300 Order

## Docks.

FOOCHOW GRANITE FLOORED DOCK.

THE above DOCK has been in full working order for the last eighteen months, length 300 feet, width at bottom 40 feet, depth of water on the sill of gate 17 feet. Neap 14 feet on the sill of gate average 17 feet. Neap 14 feet.

The Dock in ordinary tides runs dry to the Blocks, and is pumped out by steam. The charges are as follows: The day of entrance, and two following days, One Mexican Dollar per ton register. 10 cents per register ton.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ladies,—European Foreman per day | $1.00 |
| Cooies " " | 1.25 |
| Canton Carpenter " | .75 |
| Coolies " | .45 |

For further particulars as to the price of Coopering, &c. &c. &c. apply to

T. E. TRAKOSA-T, Esq., Messrs. Dg Silveira & Co., Hongkong.

RANEY ARANE, Esq., Messrs. Nicholson and Boyds, Shanghai.

Or to the Undersigned.

In connection with the above is the powerful Twin screw Tug "Leopard," vessel requiring the services of this Tug, either from Wusung (where a splendid anchorage will be found during the S.W. Monsoon) or from the White Dogs, can obtain them at moderate rates, on application to

JOHN O. SKRA,
*Manager.*

Pagoda Anchorage, River Min.

No percentage charged upon the labor, but a charge of 10 per cent. will be made on all materials supplied, otherwise than by the Dock.

tf 1514 Foochow, 21st July, 1866.

PORT OF AMOY.

SHIPOWNERS, AGENTS and COMMANDERS, are informed, that the DOCK COMPANY ESTABLISHMENTS, at the above Port, afford every facility for Repairing and Sparring Vessels, and for Cleaning and Painting Iron and Steam Ships.

Their large GRANITE DOCK, 286 feet long on the Blocks, is in complete Working order, and at average Spring tides can take Vessels Drawing 16 to 17 feet Water. The Dock is fitted with a Caisson Gate and with a Centrifugal Steam Pump of great power ensuring despatch in all cases of the tide. An ample stock is kept on hand of Timber, Oregon Spars, Sheathing Copper and Yellow Metal, and of every description of Materials required for Dock Yard use.

The Premises comprise an Engineer's Workshop, a large Smithy and Carpenter's Workshop, and the Works are superintended by Resident Engineers, viz., a Shipwright, an Engineer, and a Blacksmith. Dry Godowns for the reception of Vessels stores &c., when requiring to discharge them.

tf 986 23m Amoy, March 1865.

DANES ISLAND DOCKS, WHAMPOA.

CONVEYED TO
GOW & Co.

ONE DOCK, 210 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 15 feet at Spring Tides.

One Dock, 160 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 11 feet at Spring Tides.

There are Hauses at both Docks for the accommodation of Captains and Crews of Vessels.

All kinds of Ship, and Blacksmiths Work done.

The Large Dock painted outside by an Engineer.

The Proprietors have lately the Merchants, Ship Owners, and Captains, that their charges for Docking are lower than any in China.

No Commission charged upon any Metal or Stores supplied by the Ship.

Apply to

JOHN HIGH & Co.,
*Hongkong*; or to
ATKINSON, MORRISON,
*Manager, Whampoa.*

tf Hongkong, 4th September, 1863.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA LIMITED.

THE Company respectfully to the 2nd August, intimation of Ship Owners, Agents and Masters to their Establishments at WHAMPOA, which offer every facility for the DOCKING and REPAIR of Vessels of all classes.

Their Docks in Whampoa, which, comprise Four, have been in successful operation for the last Twelve Year and are now in good Working Condition.

The Docks are pumped out by a Steam Pump in Five hours, capable of taking in Vessels drawing 18½ feet at Spring Tides.

The Work Shops comprise the different Departments of the Shipwright, Blacksmiths, Boiler Maker, and Foundry—possessing all the necessary appliances for the Repairs of Ships, Steamers, and Steam Machinery.

The STORES in the different Departments consist of the best Materials, which can be supplied to Vessels on the most reasonable Terms.

A Depot, with covered Lifting Shears, alongside of which Vessels can lie and take on Masts, Boilers, &c.

A STEAM TUG always in readiness to Tow Vessels to the Docks free of charge, and will tow them back to anchorage or to sea at Reduced Rates.

All Work carried on under the superintendence of experienced Europeans.

For further particulars apply to

T. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary*,
or CAPT. T. B. RENNELL, *Manager at Whampoa.*

*N.B.*—The Consignees or Mustermen of any Vessel having reason to complain of the Work done in docking or in any way respecting the Dock Arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company

tf 650 Hongkong, 21th March, 1866.

NOTICE.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA. (Limited.)

THE Third Call of Two Hundred Dollars ($200) per Share is due on the 6th January next and is payable at the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY Limited receipts for the payment of which will be granted by the Manager.

Interest at the rate of twelve per centum per Annum will be charged on all calls unpaid after the above date.

By order of the Directors,
T. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

tf 2734 Hongkong, 8th November, 1865.

The Bangkok Dock Company's
NEW DOCK.

THIS Magnificent Dock is now ready to receive Vessels of any burthen and the attention of Ship Owners, Agents and Masters is respectfully solicited to the advantages for Repairing and Sparring Vessels, which no other Dock in the East can offer.

The following description of the Premises is submitted for the information of the public.

The Dimensions and Depth of water being:

| | |
|---|---|
| Length..... | 360 feet. |
| Breadth..... | 100 " |
| Depth of Water..... | 15 " |

The Dock is fitted with a Caisson, has a splendid entrance of 120 feet from the River with a spacious Jetty on each side, where Vessels of any size may lay at any state of the Tides, to lift Masts, Boilers etc.—with Powerful Lifting Shears, which are now in the course of construction.

The Dock is fitted with Steam Pumps of Great Power insuring Despatch in all states of the Tides

The Workshops comprise the different departments of *Ship-wrights, Mast and Block Makers, Blacksmiths Engineers, Foundry, etc.*

*Blacksmiths Engineers, Foundry, etc.*

The whole being superintended by Europeans, who have had many years experience in the different branches.

The *Workmen* are the best picked men from Hongkong and Whampoa.

The Company draws particular attention to the great advantages this Dock offers, being in a Port where the best Teak and other Timber can be had at the cheapest cost.

A Steam Tug *Mail* is kept in connection with the Dock to render despatch in work.

The *Keel Blocks* are 4 feet in height and can be taken out or shifted with ease, thereby saving any expense to ships having to get them removed.

The Company is now prepared to Give estimates or enter into Contracts for the repairs of Wooden or Iron ships, or the fitting of New Ships. Steam Boats, or any kind of work connected with ship building.

All Material supplied at Market prices. Vessels for Docking may lay at the Company's Buoys or Wharf free of charge until ordered to remove by the Superintendent.

Captains of Vessels before having the Dock Entered must sign and sign their Dockage Bills.

All communications respecting the Docking to be addressed to the Secretary at the undermentioned, by whom all Bills will be signed and collected.

JOHN BUSH, *Managing Director.*

Bangkok, 19th Sept. 1865.

tf 2624 Hongkong, 23th October, 1865.

## Miscellaneous Wants.

WANT D, by a Young Man recently arrived in China from England, a SITUATION as Clerk or Messenger, or any other light Employment, wages not so much an object as immediate employment. Satisfactory testimonials, and references can be given in Hongkong, if required.

Address "Clerk," office of *Daily Press.*

1w 1915 Hongkong, 30 h July, 1866.

WANTED,

BY a finally pronouncing to England, a Respectable FEMALE SERVANT, who would feel disposed to make herself generally useful as Nurse, &c. Address H. S., *Daily Press* Office.

tf 1451 Hongkong, 9th July, 1866.

SIGNOR PIETRO MONTALBETTI is prepared to give lessons on the PIANO-FORTE and in VOCAL MUSIC.

Address to the Catholic Mission House, next door to the R. C. College.

tf 1446 Hongkong, 5th July, 1866.

## Notifications.

THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAM-BOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD CALL, of $25 each, due upon the shares of this Company, will be due and payable on the 6th day of *August next.* at the offices of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company, Limited, Hongkong, where receipts will be granted for the amount by the Manager, which receipts can be exchanged for Share Certificates at the Office of the Company, on and after the said 6th day of August next.

Interest at the rate of twelve per centum per annum will be charged on all amounts unpaid.

By order of the Board of Directors.

(*Signed*) AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co,
*General Agents.*

tf 1939 Hongkong, 5th July 1866.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY.

THE 6th call, due 1st July, on the new shares of this Company is payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, instead of the Agra and Masterman's Bank.

By order of the Directors
D. LAPRAIK, *Secretary*
Hongkong, 2nd July, 1866.

tf 1390

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY.

THE Fifth Call of Fifty Dollars ($50) per Share on the new Stock of the HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, is due on the 1st July next, and is payable at the "Agra and Masterman's Bank." Receipts for the payment of which will be granted by the Manager.

By Order of the Directors.

D. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

tf 1345 Hongkong, 1st May, 1866. June-6

DR. L. ENGELHARD, PHYSICIAN SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.

Late of Berlin, Specialist in diseases of the EYE AND EAR.

PRIVATE PRACTICE OF

Prof. VON GRAEFE, Berlin; ARLDT, Von JAEGER and POLLITZER, Vienna.

Laryngoscopic examinations made in diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

The Doctor can be consulted in German, English, French, and Spanish.

Office Oriental Hotel, 1st floor, Nos. 3 and 4 Ascendance, from 8 to 9 A.M. and 2 to 3 P.M.

tf 1491 Hongkong, 13th July, 1866.

UNDER DISPATCH.

For Swatow, Amoy and Foochowfoo.—Per *Formosa*, To-day, the 2nd August, at Noon.

For Ningpo and Shanghai.—Per *China*, To-day, the 2nd August, at Noon.

NOTICE.

MR. A. P. SINNETT is authorized to act as my attorney during my absence from this colony, and his receipt for all sums due or payable to me is hereby declared a valid discharge.

Y. J. MURROW.

Proprietor of *Daily Press* and *Trade Report*

Hongkong, 12th July, 1866.

NOTICE.

MR. W. H. BELL will, from and after the 1st July instant, assume the entire management and control of the Printing Office of this establishment.

All communications whatever, except those on editorial business, should be addressed to him, and his receipts only for all payments, except for subscription to the *Daily Press* and the *Overland Trade Report*, will be a good and sufficient discharge.

Y. J. MURROW,
*Proprietor.*

*Daily Press* Office.
Hongkong, 3rd July, 1866.

# The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, AUGUST 2, 1866.

The public of Hongkong will probably be glad to hear that the long battle on the Canton river is about to be given up. For some time past negotiations have been going on in New York with the head partner of Messrs. Russell & Co's house, with the object of effecting a compromise with the Steamboat company, and telegrams which announce the satisfactory adjustment of the terms and the signature of an agreement have now been received here. The boats at present belonging to Messrs. Russell's are we are informed, to be sold to the company and the traffic of the river will be given up to it, so that competition of so ruinous a nature as that which has been going on, cannot have been viewed with satisfaction by any one in this colony. The advantage which the European community derived from any little reduction of fares it may have occasioned, was extremely small, the only gainers were the worst class of Chinese who took advantage of the low fares to swarm down in thousands from Canton and commit robberies in this city. Meanwhile capital which might have found a far more profitable employment was locked up in an unremunerative speculation and to that extent the prosperity of the colony must have suffered. We have not heard when the new arrangement is to come in force but it is probable that no great delay will now intervene between the receipt of the telegrams we have mentioned, and the arrival of the documents to which they relate.

It will have been seen by those who have read the "Police and Cleanliness" ordinance published in these columns a day or two since that the bill is less intended to carry out any broad principle or policy than to embody in one measure an immense number of small regulations shown to be desirable by past experience. It does, however, put forward more prominently than has been done in any of the other new bills, the principle of entrusting the Governor in Council, (that is in Executive Council) with the power of expanding and varying these regulations to a very considerable extent. For instance in clause 17 it is laid down "Be it therefore enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to frame and pass such rules, regulations and conditions as may be deemed expedient for the total suppression or in the meanwhile for the better limitation and control of gambling in this Colony." Also in clause 2 it is stated "It shall be lawful for His Excellency the Governor in Council from time to time to frame such Bye-laws to be enforced by fines and penalties as to him shall seem fit for the more effectual carrying out of this and other ordinances relating to the swimmers of vessels before having the Dock Entered must sign and sign their Dockage Bills.

All communications respecting the Docking to be addressed to the Secretary at the undermentioned, by whom all Bills will be signed and collected.

JOHN BUSH, *Managing Director.*

Bangkok, 19th Sept. 1865.

tf 2624 Hongkong, 23th October, 1865.

existing arrangements is pretty much King, Lords and Commons as it is. For this reason there can be little caution in opposing the formal expression of an existing state of things Nevertheless it is difficult to avoid on reading the clauses which we have quoted, a very keen sense of the fact that the weakness of the GOVERNOR is not the only grievance of this colony. The present proposal embodied more or less in all the new ordinances but chiefly in that before us this morning, to create a new source authority in Hongkong, that of the Governor in Council, analogous to that of the Queen in Council at home, leads naturally to the revival of an idea always present more or less to the mind of a man reflecting on the politics of this little island, that one of the most urgent reforms needed is the reform of the Legislative Council. If there were a real Legislative Council in this colony which was not subject to ignominious conditions of existence, there would be some reason for erecting over which a certain kind of control would be reserved to the Legislature. Apparent an adverse vote in the Council, no matter what may be proposed is scarcely a possibility, less so now than before the feeble attempt at independence made when the Military contribution was brought forward which ended in such a miserable failure and results in the shape of disputes from the Colonial office of a humiliating nature. Even assuming that which is practically impossible, that a Governor and Council silently acquiesced in this innovation so as to convey the impression to a student of its proceedings that it thought the GOVERNOR too weak and the constitution in need of reform in the direction of putting more power on the hands of the Executive.

Amongst the regulations embodied in the Police and cleanliness ordinance there is one which may be susceptible of a very wide application and is of the utmost importance in connexion with one of the most embarrassing problems of government in this island. It is proposed to enact that "whenever any person who has been deported under the provisions of any ordinance shall return to the colony of Hongkong before the expiration of his sentence without permission from the Governor, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to order him to be again deported for any period to be then fixed and in addition to be previously imprisoned for one month with hard labor and to be branded on the left breast with the letter R and to be once or twice publicly or privately flogged, but in no case shall the number of strokes inflicted at one time exceed thirty-six." Here we have a clause which includes what might be the most effectual way of dealing with almost all the criminals in Hongkong and unless this subject is regarded in a good deal more serious light than it has been of late it will be neglected of half its value. It is a plain and obvious conclusion with reference to public affairs here generally, that we have to take care of so many prisoners, that like the celebrated old woman of a former age, "we don't know what to do." They burden our finances cruelly, they keep us out of the pleasantest part of our small dominions, for Stonecutter's Island would be a delicious pleasure residence, they require us to maintain an army of guards, to look after them and mean while it is evident that their fate does not in the least deter the lowest class of Chinese from incurring short sentences. To invent a punishment for misbehaving Chinese which shall not involve a pecuniary punishment for innocent colonists and taxpayers is one of the most important tasks of our Governors. Now there is great reason to believe that by doing what it is proposed to do in the clause, we have just quoted, the thieving and Scotpods who invade this island would be effectually extinguished in an inexpensive manner. If criminals were branded in such a manner that their subsequent indentification could be made a matter of certainty, and made to understand that if they ever set foot again on this island they would be flogged, they might safely be pitchforked into any part of the Chinese coast and disposed of at once without any cost to the colony to speak of. The simplicity of this arrangement is, as contrasted with the clumsy expedients of so many months imprisonment with or without hard labor, the chain gangs and Stonecutters island, positively beautiful. It would in the least one manner compatible with performing the operation effectually put a mark upon the criminals shoulder which would enable any constable to recognise him in a moment. Any branded man found in Hongkong would be brought up before a magistrate, "John Bull, His Mark," would be identified, and the prisoner without being troubled with any questions at all would be flogged and returned to his own country declined with thanks. It would only be necessary to keep a tempter look up and some old sailing tub which could crawl back and forward between this port and any part of the coast which might be fixed on as the place of debarkation. If this system were thoroughly introduced nine-tenths of our convicts whom at present we have to take care of, feed and lodge, would be disposed of in a manner which would involve no cruelty, and reflect no discredit on the Government. If however the system required the intervention of the Governor in Council it would never be worked effectually. If deportation were considered too severe a punishment for minor cases then some few strokes might be inflicted on the culprit and no brand, or sentence of deportation. The grand object, however, is to eliminate imprisonment as far as possible from our penal code, and by mixing up imprisonment with the proposed system, half the value of the new measure would be destroyed.

A new entertainment is promised at the garrison Theatre. Mrs. Anols Bill, a young lady described as "the popular and favorite comic Irish characteristic actress, famous as an all vocalist," is to appear in a performance entitled "Comic odds and ends," both male and female characters being introduced. We have seen a collection of papers brought up from Australia where she has lately been making a professional tour, in which her talents are spoken of in the highest terms.

Yesterday being the anniversary of the Battle of Minden, fought in 1759, when the French were defeated by an Anglo Hanoverian Army, under the command of Prince Ferdinand, brother to Frederick the greatand, the 20th Regiment having taken part in that engagement, the occasion was celebrated Yesterday evening by a parade in presence of a great many spectators. The officers men decorated their helmets with roses to the commemorate the feat that in wreathing to the battle the men plucked, roses and put them in the huts. The ceremony of trooping the colours, was gone through, before His Excellency the Governor, and Major General Guy.

An inquest was held on the 30th, on the body of a Chinawoman who was shot by one of the Indian constables under very extraordinary circumstances. On the evening of the 30th this man, with a companion, was patrolling the Pokfulam road, when in passing over a bridge, which crossed one of the small inriaes, he heard a cough from beneath. He went down by the side of the nullah and saw in the dim light a figure crouching and cowering. He called out twice "who man?" and received no answer and then he actually raised his musket and firing at a few yards shot the poor female dead. The victim turned out to be a Chinese beggar woman, and there seems no excuse for the constable whatever, for even if the person had been in reality a criminal, the idea of shooting him at random when he might so easily have been captured would be pretty outrageous. An inquest was held at the time recording the Legislative Council altogether, and making the Governor, King Lords, and Commons all in one. The reason why the proposal excites little notice in that the Governor under

### The Land Jurisdiction Dispute in Shanghai.

In consequence the of grant a measure of local intelligence during the last few days, we have been obliged to hold over the following interesting letter from our correspondent at Shanghai which explains the dispute relating to the exclusive jurisdiction claimed by the French Consul over what is called the French concession at that port.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SHANGHAI, *22nd July*, 1866.

There has been some little excitement of a political nature in Shanghai during the fortnight which has just past, consequent upon the publication by the French Consul General of a set of Municipal Laws for the French concession, received from the foreign office in Paris. This action has brought into notice the old vexed question of the assertion by the French of a right to something like exclusive jurisdiction on the land granted by the Chinese for the use of their subjects; which in no few quarters is looked upon as almost tantamount to declaring that they have a right to territorial jurisdiction. From this idea little jealousy has been naturally aroused and it appears likely that some of the provisions contained in the regulation cannot be carried out without incurring some rather serious difficulties with the representatives of other nationalities. The point where most danger is apparent is the exclusive right which is claimed in fact though not in form, of arresting the subject of any other nationality in the French concession. The matter was the subject of correspondence between the American and the French Consul General on far back as 1863 and should any attempt be made to prevent the United States Consul arresting an American on the French side, it is certain that it will not be tolerated. I fear I should weary your readers by entering into a detailed explanation of the nature of this question. It will however be familiar to most of those who are interested in matters up in the ailant points. The principle asserted by the English, Americans and other Governments as to the management of local affairs is that the representative of no one nationality has a preponderating voice; but that each of the Consuls has equal jurisdiction and power, the soil being Chinese. This is the basis upon which it is sought to establish a local Government on the so called French side that is to the North of the small creek called the Yang-king-pang; while the French on the South side assert that though they fully recognise the soil as Chinese, they nevertheless received such special power at the time the land was set apart for their use, that the French Consul may claim to have sole jurisdiction as to local or municipal matters, and also as to the control of the police force. So far as I have been able to ascertain up to the present, the French appear to have some plausible arguments on their sides; as according to the original regulations made by Captain Balfour in 1848 a power such as that claimed by the French *appears* to have been given to the British; though it is by some people asserted that this could not have been the case inasmuch as the Chinese could not legally concede such a right. Any how this privilege was formally abandoned by the British in 1854, when in conjunction with the American and French Consul a new set of Regulations were drawn up for both the English and French settlements which had the effect of making them cosmopolitan. It has, however, only recently transpired that the signatures of the French Consul was only given conditionally to the assent of the home Government being received, and this it is now asserted has not been granted, so that the French claim—that the land set apart for them (in 1849 three years subsequently to the conclusion of the original Land Regulations for the British settlement) was granted to them upon the original Regulations, which from the fact that they hold to have been within the power of the Chinese to concede. Thus has originated a split between the French and the other nationalities in Shanghai, and it becomes a difficult question to say exactly where the right lies, or how the difficulty is to be settled. The matter aptly illustrates the blundering policy which has been adopted by the Government with respect to this province. How it could even have been conceived that the local government of a settlement could be carried on where a number of Consuls of different nationalities claim equal power and jurisdiction, and the Chinese to whom the soil belongs are by virtue of the territoriality provisions of the treaty excluded, must form a subject of wonder and amazement to all who have who have given half an hour's thought to the principles of government; and it must be still more a matter of amazement that any doubt could have been allowed to exist as to whether the French had not given their consent to the arrangement. If as they assert and as appears to be the case from an extract from a despatch upon the subject to Mr. Consul Medhurst in 1863, they did not sanction the plan, they have by their training to do so, a degree of cowardliness an undoubted advantage in political and local standing which will now form a subject of contentious jealousy between them and other nationalities.

I have entered into this matter at some length, it being important that it should be understood away from Shanghai; as few out of this place are really aware of the state of diplomatic chaos in which local affairs have are at the present time. It is sufficient however, to illustrate it, to state that the most trivial and ordinary matter which should in any properly governed place be a matter between a Magistrate and the police; such as the arrest of a criminal or other similar, has the representative of no one nationality to interfere with. It will however be familiar to most of those who have been deported under the provisions of any ordinance shall return to the colony of Hongkong before the expiration of his sentence without permission from the Governor, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to order him to be again deported for any period to be then fixed and in addition to be previously imprisoned for one month with hard labor and to be branded on the left breast with the letter R and to be once or twice publicly or privately flogged, but in no case shall the number of strokes inflicted at one time exceed thirty-six." Here we have a clause which includes what might be the most effectual way of dealing with almost all the criminals in Hongkong and unless this subject is regarded in a good deal more serious light than it has been of late it will be neglected of half its value. It is a plain and obvious conclusion with reference to public affairs here generally, that we have to take care of so many prisoners, that like the celebrated old woman of a former age, "we don't know what to do." They burden our finances cruelly, they keep us out of the pleasantest part of our small dominions, for Stonecutter's Island would be a delicious pleasure residence, they require us to maintain an army of guards, to look after them and mean while it is evident that their fate does not in the least deter the lowest class of Chinese from incurring short sentences. To invent a punishment for misbehaving Chinese which shall not involve a pecuniary punishment for innocent colonists and taxpayers is one of the most important tasks of our Governors. Now there is great reason to believe that by doing what it is proposed to do in the clause, we have just quoted, the thieving and Scotpods who invade this island would be effectually extinguished in an inexpensive manner. If criminals were branded in such a manner that their subsequent indentification could be made a matter of certainty, and made to understand that if they ever set foot again on this island they would be flogged, they might safely be pitchforked into any part of the Chinese coast and disposed of at once without any cost to the colony to speak of. The simplicity of this arrangement is, as contrasted with the clumsy expedients of so many months imprisonment with or without hard labor, the chain gangs and Stonecutters island, positively beautiful. It would in the least one manner compatible with performing the operation effectually put a mark upon the criminals shoulder which would enable any constable to recognise him in a moment. Any branded man found in Hongkong would be brought up before a magistrate, "John Bull, His Mark," would be identified, and the prisoner without being troubled with any questions at all would be flogged and returned to his own country declined with thanks. It would only be necessary to keep a tempter look up and some old sailing tub which could crawl back and forward between this port and any part of the coast which might be fixed on as the place of debarkation. If this system were thoroughly introduced nine-tenths of our convicts whom at present we have to take care of, feed and lodge, would be disposed of in a manner which would involve no cruelty, and reflect no discredit on the Government. If however the system required the intervention of the Governor in Council it would never be worked effectually. If deportation were considered too severe a punishment for minor cases then some few strokes might be inflicted on the culprit and no brand, or sentence of deportation. The grand object, however, is to eliminate imprisonment as far as possible from our penal code, and by mixing up imprisonment with the proposed system, half the value of the new measure would be destroyed.

### Police Intelligence, August 1st.

BEFORE J. C. WHITE ESQ.

VAGRANTS.

John Wurd, William Hutchinson, Henry Hylund, Henry Haley and William Wallace, were charged with being vagrants, having been found asleep on the cricket ground at about twelve o'clock last night.

Sergeant Livingston stated that when arrested they said that they had no ship or place of residence.

Prisoners stated that they signed articles on Friday last at the H. M. Consul's for the ship *Sunset Hill* and went on board her. They were kept at work from 8 A.M. to 7 or 8 P.M. and almost every day treated by sides. They remonstrated at this treatment, and on Monday evening at eight o'clock were ordered by the Captain to go ashore out of the ship it they did not like it.

Prisoners were sent to the Harbour master, who Journalled them on board their ship.

Robert Robinson, Henry Pot or, and Henry Bowers were also found by Sergeant Livingston ashore fire this morning, at the back of the Murray barracks. They also said they had no ship or place of abode. He has seen the two last knocked down, about for some time past.

The first stated that he had been ten days ashore, and had no money or boarding house, but was promised a chance to ship in the *Benton* to day.

He was sent to the Harbour master, who discovered that he was a deserter, and sent him to the guard room.

The second stated that he was paid off on July 4th and was robbed of his money and lodgings, since he had neither money nor boarding house.

The third had nothing to say for himself.

They were each sent to gaol for one if month not shipped before the expiration of that time.

CHARGE OF ASSAULT.

Mooke Rajdi, and Ramchandar Rhanu, Privates in the Ceylon Rifles, were charged with assaulting a man named Chun a tuck.

Chun a tuck, who stepped into the witness box with a piece of fish in his left hand, stated that he was a fishmonger in the Central market. This morning about eight o'clock prisoners came to his stall and asked for some fish, they selected the piece and paid for which prosecutor asked six cents. The second prisoner threw down three cents, and snatched the piece of fish and went away with it. Prosecutor followed and asked for his other three cents, upon which second prisoner turned round and struck him. A constable came up and took prosecutor to the charge room where he was discharged and the prisoners detained. They both struck him.

The prisoners stated that they went into the market and selected and piece of fish for four cents. Afterwards prosecutor refused to let them have the piece they had selected and began to abuse them in Hindostanee. They then gave him in charge.

They were each fined $1. for the assault.

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION.

Ky a ping, shop assistant was charged with being in unlawful possession of a Chinese sword.

P. C. 443 said that he arrested the prisoner about eight this morning in Hollywood road. He had the sword in his possession wrapped up.

Prisoner said that he had just arrived from Canton, and had been at the sword for sale, but finding he could not dispose of it, he was going to send it back to Canton.

A shop, a respectable shop keeper said that he was in his employ, and that he had known him for some years.

Prisoner was therefore discharged.

ASSAULT.

Chow tom hoe, an inmate of No. 16 hunted, charged Wong pik chuy of No. 37, with assaulting her.

Prosecutor said that last night she was standing outside her house when two Europeans came up whom she called, pointing to prisoner, but they went into prosecutor's house. Prisoner then became very abusive and threw a stone at prosecutor which cut her head. Prosecutor then said a scuffle and gave prisoner in charge.

Prisoner stated that she was in bed at the time and knew nothing of the matter.

Another prostitute named Chun a tin corroborated prosecutor's evidence and P. C. 243 stated that she was bleeding when he saw her.

Prisoner was therefore fined $1.

George Webb, and George Smith, seamen belonging to the British ship *Pirate* were charged with assaulting Wong-a-yee a hawker, when with others causing the police in the execution of their duty.

Wong-a-yee stated that about 3 p.m. yesterday, he met the two prisoners in Queen's road central. He spoke to them, and the first struck him on the nose, he ran for a policeman and gave them in charge.

P. C. 337 stated that yesterday afternoon the first prisoner was given in charge by prosecutor. He arrested him, but second prisoner rescued him and they both ran away and got into a boat and shoved off. Witness then called the police boat and prisoners came alongside the wharf. He arrested them both, but the second he let his would not go to the station with an Indian constable. Witness then called another Indian constable and a Chinese lukong, and took them both to the station.

Prisoners were each fined $1.

ROBBERY FROM A SERVANT.

Chong-a-ping servant to Mr. Andrews charged Mook-a-tan an unemployed seaman with stealing 2 jackets, 2 pairs of trousers, a silver chain and a purse altogether valued at $164.

Prosecutor said that he knows the prisoner who came yesterday to visit him and was sitting in his room. At one o'clock he went to attend his master at tiffin, and on his return found that prisoner had left the room. Prosecutor then missed the articles before enumerated, and immediately suspected the prisoner. Afterwards he met him in the street and accused him of the theft, he at first denied, and then owned to it, and produced pawn ticket now in court for jacket and pair of trousers. Prosecutor asked where the other things were and prisoner said he would get them, but prosecutor gave him in charge.

Prisoner said that the prosecutor has owed him $2 for some time past, and that he went yesterday to ask for it, and prosecutor gave him a jacket and a pair of trousers to pawn, which he did and handed over the tickets.

Prosecutor denied this, and the prisoner was therefore committed to its wrok labour, the magistrate remarking that losing his things served the prosecutor quite right, as he had no business to allow people to come into his master's premises.

### Summary Jurisdiction Court July 31st

BEFORE J. C. WHITE, Esq.

Sheik Ahmed v Kureen Bux $156.00.

Mr. Pollard Q.C. applied for the plaintiff, and Mr. Bernard for the defendant.

The plaintiff and defendant's are both members of the police force, and the case of the plaintiff is, he says, that the local government of a settlement could be carried on where a number of Consuls of different nationalities claim equal power and jurisdiction, and the Chinese to whom the soil belongs are by virtue of the territoriality provisions of the treaty excluded, must form a subject of wonder and amazement to all who have who have given half an hour's thought to the principles of government; and it must be still more a matter of amazement that any doubt could have been allowed to exist as to whether the French had not given their consent to the arrangement. If as they assert and as appears to be the case from an extract from a despatch upon the subject to Mr. Consul Medhurst in 1863, they did not sanction the plan, they have by their training to do so, a degree of cowardliness an undoubted advantage in political and local standing which will now form a subject of contentious jealousy between them and other nationalities.

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It is curious to observe that in none of these expressions of sympathy with Prussia is there any chance at the merits of the present quarrel. There is on the contrary a manifestation of utter indifference to political right, of carelessness to all but the meanest considerations of personal advantage absolutely astonishing, considering that the article is written at a time when respect for public opinion generally induces the profession of respect for principle even on the part of those who are most indifferent to such considerations in reality. As throwing a little light upon this mystery, the following paragraph which occurs further on in the same letter may be worth attention.

The Prussian papers, which under ordinary circumstances are not molested by any restrictions previous to publication, have been cautioned against inserting matter calculated to increase the difficulties of the Government during the war.

### Marshal Benedek.

First among the generals of Austria stands Ludwig, von Benedek, a genuine Hungarian, and yet trusted alike by Austrian and Magyar, Kaiser and peasant. He was born in 1811 at Oedenburg (Hungary,) and was the son of a medical professor. He manifested a heather a military career at a very early age, and received a commission at 18 at the Imperial Military Academy of Neustadt. He quitted this at 18 started, and joined the army as a cadet, had his first commission in 1831, was promoted to be second lieutenant, placed on the staff and sent to Italy. In 1835 he was a captain, five years later he was advanced to the rank of adjutant major, and left Italy for Poland. His conduct in that unhappy country was characterised by so much tact and intelligence that even there he avoided hatred, while both commendation and reward were bestowed on him by the authorities at Vienna. He passed the grade of lieutenant-colonel, and in 1849 was made colonel. At this juncture the insurrection in Galicia broke out, and the position of the Austrian troops was not only dangerous but difficult. The peasants rose in a mass

## Notices of Firms.

WE have this day established ourselves in business as Shipping and Commission Merchants at this Port under the Style and Firm of F. H. Fiske & Co.

F. H. FISKE.
H. A. SEYMOUR

1639 Hongkong, July 20th, 1866.

MR. AUGUSTUS ALLEN HAYES JR., AND MR. EDWIN ALLEN HAYCOCK were admitted as partners in our firm on the 1st July.

CLAPHANT & Co.

1626 Hongkong, 31st July, 1866.

I HAVE this day admitted Mr. J. TRUELSEN, a Partner in my firm, which will in future be carried on under the style of COIT, TRUELSEN, & Co.

F. COIT.

1602 Ningpo, 27th July, 1866.

THE Copartnership hitherto existing between J. TRUELSEN, RODY. HAYNES, AND G. W. HAHMANN, under the firm of J. Truelsen & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. J. Truelsen and Mr. Robt. Rayner will sign the firm in liquidation.

J. TRUELSEN.

1601 Ningpo, 16th July, 1866.

MR. LOUIS HAHSENBLD having retired from our firm, his interest and responsibility in the same ceased to-day.

BAHLMANN & Co.

1579 Hongkong, 24th July, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE business of Messrs. JONS FOR CHR and Co, Public Tea Inspectors and Commission Agents, at this Port, has been transferred to the undersigned, who will continue the same in his own name from this date.

EDWARD W. LOVELL.

1208 Kiukiang, May 1st 1866. J-11

NOTICE.

THE business of the undersigned will in future be carried on under the style or firm of GEO. HOLMES & Co Office adjoining the Agra and Masterman's Bank.

GEO. HOLMES.
EDMUND R. HOLMES.

168 Hongkong, 11th July, 1866.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. THOMAS S. OGDEN, in our firm ceased on the 31st December, 1865; and Mr. ERNEST DRACUS has this day been admitted a partner.

BEACON & Co.

21 Canton, 1st January, 1866.

R. DAVID WILSON has this day been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

E. McGREGOR & Co.

56 Hongkong, 1st January, 1866.

NOTICE.

MR. M. DE LANGE, has this day been admitted a partner in our Firm.

LANDSTEIN & Co.

16 Hongkong, 2nd January, 1866.

THE Undersigned having taken over the business of Messrs. BOWER & Co. in this Colony from Mr. W. A. BOWER, solicits a continuance of the favours hitherto so liberally bestowed on the same.

F. M. HARSANT.
HUGO A. F. NORRIS.

Hongkong 1st May, 1862.

MR. Robert Rathmann's interest and responsibility in our firm ceased on the 1st day of March, 1866.

BROWN & Co.

626 Swatow, 16th March, 1866.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day established myself as a MERCHANT AND COMMISSION AGENT, under the name and style of REIMANN & Co.

Mr. W. DETMERING, has been authorized to sign my firm.

P. REIMANN.

Office, Corner of W. Hington & Cockrane Streets, Jan 1075 Hongkong, 24th May, 1866.

DURING the absence of Mr. EDWARD PARKER of the Albion Hotel, Queen's Road, Mr. PATRICK MCCONKEY is authorised to act as his Agent.

72 Hongkong, 13th April, 1866. Nom-945

WE have this established a branch of our firm at Yokohama, Japan.

PHILLIPS MOORE & Co.

724 Hongkong, 14th April, 1866.

MR. EDWARD WALLACE is authorised to sign our firm in Yokohama per procuration.

PHILLIPS MOORE & Co.

727 Hongkong, 14th April, 1866.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day retired from the business hereto fore carried on by me, in favour of my Nephew, Mr. JOHN STEWARD LAPRAIK.

1419 Hongkong, 4th July, 1866.

WITH reference to the above, I have admitted as partner Mr ALEXANDER MCGLASHAN HEATON, and the business will hereafter be conducted under the style and firm of DONGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

JOHN S. LAPRAIK.

1420 Hongkong, 4th July, 1866.

WE have this day established ourselves at this port, as MERCHANTS and COMMISSION AGENTS, under the style of KIRCHNER, BOY & & Co.

E. KIRCHNER.
E. BOGER.

1398 Hongkong, 2nd July, 1866.

NOTICE.

MR. ADOLPHUS T. EDINGER has this day been admitted a partner in our Firm

CARLOWITZ & Co.

3m 1385 Canton, 1st July, 1866.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established a Branch of our Firm at Hongkong, Office No. 2, d'Aguilar Street, formerly Bank of India.

CARLOWITZ & Co.

3m 1390 Canton, 1st July, 1866.

FRENCH DISPENSARY.

MR CARLOS JOSE BRAGA, has been admitted a partner in our business; which will be carried on under the Style or Firm of PIGUEIREDO, BRAGA & Co.

L. PIGUEIREDO & Co.

3m 1280 Hongkong, 19th June, 1866.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day established a TEA INSPECTION AND COMMISSION BUSINESS here, under the firm of LITTLE & Co.

ROBERT WILLIAM LITTLE.

3m 919 Shanghai, 1st May, 1866. 7-M

I HAVE this day established myself in business as MERCHANT AND COMMISSION AGENT, under the style or firm of LADD & Co.

JOHN H. LADD.

912 Hongkong, 7th May, 1866.

WE have this day re-established ourselves in business, which we will carry on in Shanghai instead of Hankow.

INNES & Co.

918 Shanghai, 16th April, 1866. 7-M

I HAVE To-day established myself as this port as GENERAL AND COMMISSION MERCHANT and PUBLIC TEA INSPECTOR, under the style and firm of OVERBECK & Co.

H. OVERBECK.

3m 382 Shanghai, 15th March, 1866. m-27

THE Undersigned has removed his shop to the premises situated at Queen's Road Central opposite to the Oriental Bank.

D. NOWROJEE.

302 Hongkong, 13th February, 1866.

NOTICE.

HIS interest and responsibility in the Undersigned in the Watchmaking and Jewellery business ceased on the 1st January, 1865, from which date, all debts will be collected, and all Claims paid by Mr GEORGE B. FALCONER, who has taken over the business from that date.

D. LAPRAIK.

650 Hongkong, 4th April, 1866.

WITH reference to the above Advertisement, the Undersigned begs to notify, that the Business from this date will be carried on under the style and firm of G. FALCONER & Co.

G. FALCONER.

682 Hongkong, 9th April, 1866.

I have this day established myself at Tankow as a PUBLIC TEA INSPECTOR AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, under the firm of

ALEXR. DOWNIE & Co.

600 Hankow, 15th March, 1866. Apl. 10

NOTICE.

We have established ourselves as this port under the style and firm of SCHREIBER MATHIAT & Co. as Merchants and Commission Agents.

ROB. SCHREIBER,
CARL MATTHIAT.

3m 363 Shanghai, May, 1866. m-17

I HAVE this day established myself as BROKER and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, under the style and title of WILLIAM WALLACE JONES & Co.

WILLIAM WALLACE JONES,
6, Mosque Junction.

1529 Hongkong, 19th July, 1866.

## Vessels on the Berth.

FOR SAIGON.

THE A 1 French barque

"EPHREM,"

Captain Boucaud, will be despatched as above on or about the 4th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.

1630 Hongkong, 1st August, 1866.

STEAM TO
SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHOW.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steam-ship

"FORMOSA,"

will leave for the above places To-day, the 2nd August, at Noon.

W. R. DALZIEL, *Acting Superintendent.*

1625 Hongkong, 31st July, 1866.

FOR BOMBAY.

THE A 1 British ship

"VENILIA,"

Captain Pavey, of 674 Tons Register, will have quick despatch.

For Freight or Passage apply to
ALFRED WILKINSON & Co.

1536 Hongkong, 26th July, 1866.

FOR BOMBAY.

THE A 1 British ship

"VENILIA,"

Captain Pavey, of 674 Tons Register, will have quick dispatch.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
GEO. HOLMES & Co.

1628 Hongkong, 30th July, 1866.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW.

THE Steam-ship

"DOUGLAS,"

Capt. R. E. Baker, will have immediate despatch for the above Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

1629 Hongkong, July 31st, 1866.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

THE A 1 French ship

"YOKOHAMA"

Captain P. Blouet, having room for about 150 tons disengaged, will be despatched as above on the 7th August.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.

1614 Hongkong, 30th July, 1866.

FOR SAIGON.

THE A 1 French clipper bark

"PALAIS GALLIEN,"

Captain Roberts, will be despatched for the above port, on or about MONDAY, the 6th of August next.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
REYNVAAN BROTHERS & Co.

1617 Hongkong, 30th July, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE A 1 Hamburg Clipper-barque

"PERLE,"

Pedersen, Master, having part of her cargo engaged will have quick despatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BISMAN & Co.

1602 Hongkong, 27th July, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE A 1 Prussian Clipper ship

"DER WEST"

Captain Buse, will have early dispatch as above.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.

1591 Hongkong, 26 h July, 1866.

FOR NINGPO & SHANGHAI.

THE Boodang Steamer

"CHINA"

Japtain Muller, will load at Canton and here, and meet with quick dispatch for the above places.

For Freight or Passage apply to
SIEMSSEN & Co.

1597 Hongkong, 26th July, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE A 1 Hamburg Clipper-barque

"SARAH MARIA,"

Captain Gude, will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

1578 Hongkong, 24th July, 1866.

STEAM F R SINGAPORE, PENANG.
MAURITIUS AND LONDON.

(After discharging at the last named port, the vessel will proceed to Liverpool.)

THE Steam-ship

"AGAMEMNON,"

Captain Middleton, will be dispatched for the above mentioned places, on or about THURSDAY, the 9th August.

Cargo will be taken for Belfast, Dublin, Glasgow Montreal, Halifax, and New York, and through Bills of Lading given.

For particulars regarding passage and freight, apply to

BIRLEY & Co.

1659 Hongkong, 21st July, 1866.

FOR SAVASAKI.

THE A 1 British barque

"KWANG FOONG,"

Head, Master, of 6,000 piculs carrying capacity, will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage apply to
BOURJAU, RUBENER & Co.

1427 Hongkong, 4th July, 1866.

FOR LONDON.

Calling at the Cape.

THE A 1 British barque

"DON RICARDO,"

Captain Jeffry, of 589 tons Register, will have quick dispatch.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

1411 Hongkong, 3rd July, 1866.

FOR BOMBAY.

THE A 1 British barque

"BRIDE,"

of 372 tons Register, will have immediate despatch as above.

For Freight apply to
EDMUND R. HOLMES, *Broker.*

1368 Hongkong, 27th June, 1866.

FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

THE A 1 Clipper-ship

"BRITTON,"

510 Tons Register, David Fleming, master, will have despatch as above.

For Freight or Passage apply to
PARKER & Co.

1178 Hongkong, 7th June, 1866.

## For Freight or Charter.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,
(Colonies preferred.)

THE Clipper barque

"JOAN CUNLLO,"

208 tons Register.

Apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

1303 Hongkong, 21st June, 1866.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A 1 fast sailing Baltimore Clipper barque

"T. E. BOYD."

of 278 Tons Register, newly coppered and in excellent order.

Apply to
DENT & Co.

1541 Hongkong, 21st July, 1866.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A 1 British Ship

"MARY MILDRED,"

Captain C. J. Fine, of 10,600 piculs carrying capacity.

Apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

1373 Hongkong, 30th June, 1866.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A 1 Clipper Schooner

"E. W. SEYBURN,"

6,000 piculs carrying capacity.

Apply to
ADAM SCOTT & Co.

1231 Hongkong, 14th June, 1866.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A 1 Dutch Ship

"OCEANUS,"

of 1158 Tons Register.

Apply to
DENT & Co.

1288 Hongkong, 19th June, 1866.

## Vessels Loading.

| DESTINATION | VESSEL'S NAME | CAPTAIN | AT | FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO | TO BE DISPATCHED |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| LONDON | Don Ricardo | Jeffry | Hongkong | D. Lapraik | Quick dispatch. |
| STOBE PANG, WTUS & EDON | Aganemnonistr | Middleton | Hongkong | Birley & Co | On or about 9th August |
| MELBOURNE & SYDNEY | Briton | Fleming | Hongkong | Parker & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| SAN FRANCISCO | Sarah Maria | Gede | Hongkong | Augustine Heard & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| Do | Der West | Peat | Hongkong | Russell & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| Do | Perle | Fredersen | Hongkong | Bismann & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| Do | Bride | Gibson | Hongkong | Edmund Holmes | Quick dispatch. |
| BOMBAY | Venilia | Pavey | Hongkong | Alfred Wilkinson | Quick dispatch |
| Do | Joan Cunllo | J. Jones | Hongkong | Landstein & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| SAIGON | Palais Gallien | Roberts | Hongkong | Reyevaan Brothers & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| Do | Palais Gallien | Roberts | Hongkong | Landstein & Co | On the 4th August. |
| Do | Ephrem | Boucaud | Hongkong | Benjiu Huttemer & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| NAGASAKI | Hind | Hind | Hongkong | Siemssen & Co | Quick dispatch. |
| NINGPO & SHANGHAI | China, (str.) | Muller | Hongkong | Landstein & Co | On the 7th August. |
| YOKOHAMA | Yokokoma | P. Blouet | Hongkong | P. & O. S. N. Co | Tender at No. 4. |
| SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW | Formosa (str.) | Tomlin | Hongkong | P. & O. S. N. Co | Tender at No. 4. |
| Do | Douglas | R. E. Baker | Hongkong | Douglas Laprak & Co | Quick dispatch. |

## For Sale.

FOR SALE.

THE Portuguese Schooner

"ST. VICENTE FERREIRA,"

of 2,100 piculs carrying capacity.

For particulars apply to
W. PUSTAU & Co.

1401 Hongkong, 3rd July, 1866.

SUMMER CLOTHING.

| | | Per doz. |
|---|---|---|
| Fine white Drill Trousers to measure | | $24 a $48 |
| " " Vests | do | 18 a 30 |
| " " Sac Coats | do | 36 a 60 |
| " Fancy Drill Trousers | do | 20 a 48 |
| " " Vests | do | 18 a 30 |
| " " Sac Coats | do | 30 a 48 |
| Black & Colored Alpaca Sac Coats each | | 4 a 8 |
| " " Vests " | | 1.50 a 3 |
| " French Cashmere Sac Coats " | | 5 a 8 |
| " " Paramatta " | | 5 a 8 |
| " " Cashmere & Paramatta Vests " | | 2 a 3.50 |
| Fine all Wool Angola Suits | | $11 a $14 per Suit. |

the material is very light and suitable for summer wear.

Fancy Tweed Suits to measure, per suit $16 @ 24
Black Superfine Cloth Sac Coats each 8 @ 16
Navy Blue Cloth Sac Coats " 6 @ 16
Black Superfine Cloth morning Coats 10 a 22
" " Dress Coats 12 @ 24
" " Vests 3 a 5
" " Trousers 6 a 10

A well assorted Stock of Ready made Garments, Regulation, Military, and Navy Cloths, Doeskins, Cassemere, manufactured expressly to suit the climate.

The Tailoring Department under the management of experienced Cutters from the West End of London. Gentlemen can rely upon having a fashionable and fitting garment.

MILITARY TRIMMINGS.

Gold and Silver Laces and Cords Real Mohair Braids, Cords, and Olivets, Regulation swords, Sword Knots, Belts, Badges, Patent Leather, and Staff Peaks, Regimental Buttons, Studs, &c.

HOSIERY & SHIRTS.

Gentlemen's Cotton Socks $1 a 6 per doz
" Fancy do 2.50 a 8
" Plain and Fancy Lisle Thread.
" Balbriggan and Spun Silk
" Gauze merino under-shirts $8 a 24 per doz
" Plain and Fancy Spun Silk under-shirts,
" London made Longcloth Shirts with Linen Fronts and Bands $12 a 30 per doz.
" Crimean Shirts $20 a 48 per doz.

HATS & TIES.

Rhiwoodie Patent Alrchamber Helmets and other Tropical Hats. Black and Drab Felt Hats in a variety of New Shapes, Fancy and Beaver Hats. Black and Fancy colored Silk Ties and Scarfs. Silk and Cambric Handkerchiefs, Belts, Braces, Kid, Doe-Deskin, Silk and Thread Gloves.

London made Silk Umbrellas $2.50 a 5 each.

TERMS CASH ONLY.

SAYLE, PEACOCK & Co.
Civil, Military, and Naval Tailors.
Woollen Drapers and General Outfitters,
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.
And at 20, Seaohsan Road, Shanghai.

1498 Hongkong, 9th June, 1866.

PATENT SLIP FOR SALE.

THE Machinery and Iron work for a Morton's Patent Slip, capable of taking up vessels of 1000 Tons English Register. Specifications and plan, with other particulars on reference to

OLYPHANT & Co.

1300 Hongkong, 11th June, 1866.

A FOR MAIL STEAMER *DONNAI*,

LARGE assortment of Ladies' Dresses.
Printed Muslin and Organdi.
Plain do do
Muslin Bandeleres, of the latest Paris fashion.
Fine French Ware.
Very handsome new fancy Petticoats.
Mourning Jewellery of all descriptions.
Oilgloves.
Fine assortment of Gentlemen's and Ladies' French Boots.

ADRE. BOYER.

1115 Hongkong, 1st June, 1866.

Just landed ex *Pegasus* and *Dunnoid*.

PEACOCK'S composition.
Hubbuck's boiled Oil, in drums and wood.
Hubbuck's Saw Oil in Drums.
Hubbuck's best assorted Paints
Paint Brushes, assorted sizes
Munthupe and Hanks
Galvanized Buckets and Claws, &c., &c.
Bright Scrubbing Brushes
Repairing and other Canvas
Bunting of assorted colors

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

1261 Hongkong, 16th June, 1866.

FOR SALE, FROM FORMOSA.

THE Undersigned has now for Sale CAMPHOR of the best quality, from Formosa,

E SHING HOP KEE, West Point.

4w 1499 Hongkong, 10th July, 1866.

*Now landing Ex "Dessoa."*

IRISH Prime Mess Pork.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

1260 Hongkong, 16th June, 1866.

PER MAIL STEAMER "*RANGOON.*"

MESSRS. MARSH & Co., invite the attention of the Public to their large assortment of Fashionable Goods, just received from the best Paris and London Houses, viz.—

Ladies' Bonnets
Ladies' Hats, Trimmed and Untrimmed
Pretty Muslin Jackets
Feathers
Lace Shawls
Fancy Dresses in Grenadine, Gauze, and Barege, all prices
Muslin Shawls
Muslin Dresses
Jupons
Jet Earings, Brooches, and Cactiopeignes
Ladies' Boots

1304 Hongkong, 23rd April, 1866.

INLAND LOTS Nos. 148 and 578, with the Residence known as "Rose Hill," with extensive Stables and Outbuildings having a frontage of 170 feet upon Caine Road, and extending through to Robinson Road 475 feet in depth, giving an area of upwards of 80,000 feet.

Apply to
RUSSELL & Co.

248 Hongkong, 7th February, 1866.

NOW LANDING AND FOR SALE.

Ex *Falconia* and *Dunnoid*.

GUINNESS' STOUT, bottled by Burke, in Dublin, in quarts and pints
Bass's Pale Ale in quarts and pints
Bass's Pale Ale, October brew, in Hogsheads and Kilderkins
Barclay and Perkins' Stout in Hogsheads
Hennessy's Brandy
Dilf and Gordon's Sherry
Superior Old Port
Prime Wiltshire Cheese, prime York Hams, fine breakfast Bacon
New split Peas in barrels

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

1256 Hongkong, 16th June, 1866.

FOR SALE A Set of Double PONY HARNESS very complete, and handsome, best London make, Price $60.

Apply to
L. J. DA SILVA.
Office of this Paper.

2753 Hongkong, 8th November, 1865.

Ex *N. B. Palmer* and *Benefactor*.

AMERICAN Prime Mess Beef and Pork
Family Beef, in 50 lbs. kegs
Tongues, in 50 lbs. kegs
White Beans in 4 barrels
Borden's condensed Milk, in 1 to 2 lbs. tins
Kerosine Oil
India Rubber Packing
White Lead in Kegs
Sill's best Butter

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

1257 Hongkong, 16th June, 1866

Now landing ex *Sawfell*.

DAWSON'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE in Casks of 4 dozen bottles each.

Apply to
OLYPHANT & Co.

1308 Hongkong, 21st June, 1866.

## For Sale.

ONE FRENCH BILLIARD TABLE (Carnque & Co.), for sale. For particulars apply to
H. W. HORNBOLZ
*Continental Hotel, Praya* 21.

1600 Hongkong, July 20, 1866.

JUST RECEIVED.

Per Mail Steamer *Delhi*, and other late Arrivals.

LADIES' Trimmed HATS
CRINOLINES, newest shapes
Fashionable BELTS and BUCKLES
Fancy COMBS for the Hair
JET BROOCHES and EAR-RINGS
White Muslin JACKETS
LACE SHAWLS
Linen and Paper COLLARS for Gentlemen, in the newest shapes.
Turkish TOWELS, in all sizes
Lace and Muslin CURTAINS
ANTIMACASSARS
UMBRELLAS
LONG-CLOTHS and Yorkshire SHIRTINGS,
&c., &c., &c.

H. MARSH & Co.

1360 Hongkong, 27th June, 1866.

FOR SALE.

A VERY commodious HOUSE, delightfully situated on Bishop's Bay, having a shop and spacious Garden, Outhouses, &c.

For particulars apply to G. J. DA SILVA,
No. 3, *S. Lourenco.*

1m 1462 Macao, 10th July, 1866.

LONG IRON BUOYS FOR SALE.

TWO Iron Channel BUOYS, length 10 feet, diameter 8 feet 6 inches, and weighing each about 2,800 lbs.

Apply to
RUSSELL & Co.

1293 Hongkong, 15th June, 1866.

Received ex *Seawell*.

100 CASES De Sussy's Celebrated DRY CHAMPAGNE, "Carte Blanche,"
DE SILVER & Co.

1432 Hongkong, 6th July, 1866.

FOR SALE.

TWO Patent COTTON GINS, For particulars apply to
ADAM SCOTT & Co.

1103 Hongkong, 31st May, 1866.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL assortment of GARDEN TOOLS as, Grass, Branch, and Garden Shears, Rakes, Hoes, Edging Knives, Garden Forks, Flower Pot Stands, &c.

For Sale by
BAY & Co.

589 Hongkong, 28th March, 1866.

120 Cases Messrs. R. Huntley's & Son Port Sherry and Brandy.

Apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

1608 Hongkong 15th July 1866.

FOR SALE.

EX *Benefactor*.

Silk's Butter in 16-lbs. Kegs
Prime Sugar Cured Hams.

RAY & Co.

1195 Hongkong, 8th June, 1866.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

TWO Grey Arab HORSES for a carriage or Saddle, and quite sound, to be seen at the Central Bank Stables.

1813 Hongkong, 21st June, 1866.

NOW LANDING AND FOR SALE.

MANILA Rope, assorted sizes, from 5½ in downwards.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

1250 Hongkong, 16th June, 1866.

MANILA CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

FOR SALE, RETAIL.

CERTIFIED CAVITES, CHEROOTS AND CIGARS. Very Superior and in prime condition.

per Box of 500 $8
SUPERIOR GOVERNMENT CIGARS AND CHEROOTS. November make in prime condition.
per Box of 500 $5.50

Apply to
L. J. DA SILVA.

1402 Hongkong, 23rd May, 1866.

EX "*SATELLITE*"

950 JAVA TEAK WOOD BEAMS, measuring from 10 @ 24 feet long and 7@14 inches Square.

For further particulars, apply
JOHNSON & Co.

2884 Hongkong, 25th November, 1865.

AN invoice of Mineral Water (Robinfer) Cognac in Barrels and Cases; and Claret.

Apply to
MARGESSON & Co.

718 Hongkong, 13th April, 1866.

A SMALL Invoice of Choice Genuine HAVANA CIGARS.

Regellia de la Reyna Flor.
do. do. do. Finn.
Media Regellia Flor.
do. do. Finn.
Conchas Flor Finn.
Conchas Flor Finn.

*Also.*

Choice Cavite and Manilla Cigars,
Imperiales, Delicieres, Regellia s Londres,
No. 1, Cavite Cigars, in Boxes of 250,
No. 2 do. do. in Boxes of 500, of 1863, 1864, and 1865
No. 3, 4 and 5 Cigars; in Boxes of 500.
No. 1 Cavite Cheroots, in Boxes of 250.
No. 2 Cavite Cheroots, in Boxes of 500 of 1864 and 1865.
No. 2 Manilla Cigars and Cheroots of 1861, 1863, 1864, and 1865.
No. 3 Manilla Cheroots of 1863 and 1865.

Apply to
A. L. ARAHEO, Jr.

2704 Hongkong, 1st November, 1865.

FOR SALE.

Ex *Faithful* and *Seawell*.

SUPERIOR CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints viz:—

Eugene Clicquot, first quality.
Ia St. Marceaux & Co.
Duc de Montebello.

HESSE & Co.

1312 Hongkong, 29th June, 1866.

AT THE BAZAAR EUROPEAN.

A HILLMAN beg to invite his Friends and the Public to inspect his New Stock of Drapery, Haberdashery, Hosiery Jewellery and Fancy Goods, &c., arrived by last Mail, which will be disposed of at very moderate prices, viz:—

Cotton, Linen and Woollen Shirts.
Ready made Clothing.
Felt Hats (assorted Shapes and Colors.)
Table Covers.
Towelling.
Men's Socks.
Bags.
Umbrellas.
French and English Boots.
Perfumery.
Opera Glasses
Watches (Gold and Silver.)
Gold Chains.
Meerschaum Pipes and Cigar Holders, and several other Articles too numerous to mention.

2599 Hongkong, 12th October, 1865.

FOR SALE.

CLEAN BENGAL GRAM in quantity to suit purchasers, at reduced price of $4 per bag from this day.

Apply to
JOHN ROBERTS Sr., & Co.

868 Hongkong, 10th April, 1866.

FATHAM'S BRANDY in 1 dozen cases.
" SHERRY " "
" PORT " 2 "
" CLARET " 1 "

BIRLEY & Co.

FOR SALE.

CHARTS (latest edition) of the China Seas, Coast, and the Rice Ports. Barometers. Massey's and Walker's Patent Logs. Rutter's Exchange Tables.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

782 Hongkong, 20th April, 1866.

## For Sale

RECEIVED BY LAST MAIL.

A fine assortment of superior JEWELLERY for Ladies and Gentlemen, by Welsham; and Mudness and Peak, London.

C. HOSH-ETTER.
Queen's Road.

272 Hongkong, 10th February, 1866.

FOR SALE.

THE well known old established House, Nassick Tavern, situated in Queen's Road, and doing a first-rate business, with Goodwill, Stock and Trade fixtures, &c. The whole to be sold at a bargain on account of the present proprietor retiring from business. If not disposed of privately the same will be offered by Public Sale on a day hereafter to be mentioned. For particulars apply on the premises.

1035 Hongkong, 23rd May, 1866.

FOR SALE.

Ex *Seawell*.

BASS' ALE in Hhds.
BASS' ALE in Kilderkins.
BASS' ALE in quarts and pints.
BARCLAY'S PORTER in quarts and pints.
GUINNESS' EXTRA STOUT, in quarts and pints.
HENNESSY'S BRANDY.
MARTELL'S BRANDY.
DUFF and GORDON'S SHERRY.
CHILLINGSWORTH'S PALE SHERRY, in 3 d sen cases.
PINK OLD PORT.
CHAMPAGNE, in 1 dozen cases.
SWAIN BOORD & Co.'s ORANGE BITTERS.
Assorted 2-lb tins SOUPS and MEATS.

RAY & Co.

1188 Hongkong 13th July, 1866.

FOR SALE.

A PARK PHAETON
A CHESTNUT ARAB 13 hands.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

1609 Hongkong, 28th July, 1866.

BOWRA & Co. have now on hand a large assortment of CHUBB'S PATENT FIRE PROOF SAFES AND WROUGHT IRON SAFES, of the following dimensions—

| High. | Wide. | Deep. |
|---|---|---|
| 48 in. | 30 in. | 24 in. |
| 40 " | 32 " | 22 " |
| 34 " | 28 " | 20 " |
| 24 " | 18 " | 16 " |
| 22 " | 17 " | 15 " |
| 20 " | 15 " | 13 " |
| 19 " | 13 " | 9 " |
| 17 " | 12 " | 9 " |
| 15 " | 11 " | 9 " |
| 13 " | 10 " | 7 " |

*Also.*

CASH BOXES } all fitted with PATENT DE-
PAPER do } TECTOR LOCKS.
DEED do }

4w 1540 Hongkong, 23rd July, 1866.

NOW LANDING, EX *GRESHAM*.

BRASS CRIBS or COTS for CHILDREN, fitted with MOSQUITO CURTAIN RODS and POLES.

NAIL and SHAVING BRUSHES.
HAIR and TOOTH do
RAZORS and RAZOR STROPS.
CHAMOIS LEATHER.
BRASS WIRE FLOUR SIEVES.
do SIEVES FOR MOULDERS.
DRIVING WHIPS.
PAPIER MACHIE PANNIER BELLOWS.
BRONZED BRACKET LAMPS, with GLOBE and PUNKAH COVERS.
ENAMELLED SAUCEPANS, assorted sizes.
SALTPETRE SPRING BALANCES, assorted.
BARNESS COMPOSITION.
TUCK'S PATENT PACKING, 1 to 12 inch.
CANVAS HOSE, 2, 2½ and 3 inches.

BOWRA & Co.

4w 1561 Hongkong, 23rd July, 18 0.

FOR SALE.

S. T.—1860.—X PLANTATION BITTERS.

1534 Hongkong, 21st July, 1866.

EX NEWEST ARRIVALS.

VERY superior Champagnes &c.

*do*
Perrier Jouet & Co, in quarts and Pints
Sparkle Vindicle do
Roimer Pere and Fils do
Chiarlie Monsieux
Silbey Monopole
Dry Chablis
Finest Sparkling Hock and Moselle
LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

1236 Hongkong, 16th June, 1866.

JUST LANDED EX *SEAWELL*.

A SMALL LOT OF SUPERIOR PORT WINE

THOS HUNT & Co.

1522 Hongkong, 19th July, 1866.

NOW READY.

*Price* $1.50.

NOTES FOR TOURISTS IN THE NORTH OF CHINA.

With Four Maps.

CONTAINING information respecting the chief places of interest to be visited, as Peking, particulars respecting the Roads, means of transport, exchange, places of accommodation, &c., &c.

*With*

Three itineraries to gates of the Great Wall.
"China Mail" office.

10.2 Hongkong, 19th May, 1866.

L'GUMES FRANCAIS.

ASPERGES ENTIERES.
PETITS POIS FINS.
HARICOTS FLAGEOLETS (extra)
HARICOTS VERTS.
JULIENNE PRINTANIERE.
ARTICHAUTS DANSOULE
ARTICHAUTS ENTIERS.
CHAMPIGNONS.
SALSIFIS.
CERFEUIL AU JUS.
CRUPPES PIEDS.
EPINARDS AU NATUREL.
CAROT. 28 ACCOMMODEES.
BOUILLON GRAS.
SAUCISSES TRUFFEES.

SIROPS FRANCAIS.

SIROP DE GROSEILLES.
" FRAMBOISES.
" LIMON.
" ROSE.
" ORGART.
" SUPERIEUR VINAIGRE.

VINS.

ST. JULIEN.
ST. GHILION.
MARGAUX.
DESSERT CLARET
CHAMPAGNE GRAIN D'OR (Extra).
COGNAC. fin de la Maison Rougier & Cie. COGNAC.

WE beg leave to inform our friends and the Public, that our M. G. Dubost, who returned from France by the steamer *Ayamonema*, 30th ult. with him the above-mentioned goods, all of the very first choice, and has it from our best manufacturers.

We trust by care and attention to merit a continuance of their liberal support, which we will always endeavour to reserve.

G. DUBOST AND Co.

Queen's Road, Corner of Gutzlaff Street.

1m 1545 Hongkong, 21st July, 1866.

COKE FOR SALE.

SUITABLE for household purposes, when mixed with a small proportion of Coal or Chinese Charcoal. It forms an excellent substitute for same and possesses the advantage of making a good fire without smoke. Apply to the undersigned, or at the Gas Works, West Point.

CHOY ARUN, WINSHING & Co.

No. 33, *Praya, West.*

3m 760 Hongkong, 23rd April, 1866.

STEAM FOR
SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, MARSEILLES, AND SOUTHAMPTON.

BOMBAY, MADRAS & CALCUTTA.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steam-ship "*ORISSA*," Captain CARLING, with H.M.'s Mails, Passengers, Specie and Cargo, will leave this for the above places on SUNDAY, the 12th August, at 9 A.M.

CARGO will be received on board until 5 P.M. on the 10th; Specie until Noon on 11th, and parcels until 5 P.M. on the 10th proximo.

For Particulars regarding Freight and Passage apply at the P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Hongkong.

CONTENTS AND VALUE OF PACKAGES ARE REQUIRED.

A Written Declaration of the Contents and the Value of the Packages for the Overland Route is required by the Egyptian Government, and must be delivered by the Shippers to the Company's Agents with the bill of Lading or with Parcels; and the company do not hold themselves responsible for any Detention or Prohibition which may happen from the incorrectness in such declaration.

Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and condition of the Company's Black Bills of Lading.

W. R. DALZIEL, *Acting Superintendent.*

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co's Office, Hongkong, 31 July, 1866. 1623

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

*NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF TREASURE, &c.*

TO facilitate the work of Shippers, the Company have arranged to receive any Treasure intended for Shipment in their Steamers at their Offices in the Queen's Road.

Treasure will be received in this manner any day between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M., on the day preceding that of the Steamer's departure. Should the hour fixed for leaving be later than Noon, shipments will be received on the day of departure, from 7 to 9 A.M.

Shippers desiring to avail of this arrangement, will please send along with their Treasure, Shipping Orders and Receipts carefully filled up with Marks, Description, and Destination, and if the Bills of Lading are delivered at the same time the work will be greatly facilitated.

The Company of course except the "risk of bonia," &c., as covered by ordinary Marine Insurance.

With reference to the foregoing notice, it is hereby intimated that the Company's Godowns are now ready for the reception of Opium and other Cargo for shipment in the Company's Steamers, under the same conditions as stated above.

THOS. SUTHERLAND,
*Superintendent.*

Hongkong, 24th November, 1863.

JUST received, and for Sale by the undersigned, in cases
Superior Refined KEROSINE OIL.
EDE SILVER & Co.

1152 Hongkong, 5th June, 1866.

FOR SALE.

A SAW MILL Complete with vertical and circular Saws extra, Bruises &c. Will be sold a bargain.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

1611 Hongkong, 27th July, 1866.

FOR SALE,

FIRST Class Rangoon TEAK PLANKS of Sizes. Apply to
D. A. C. GABAZEE & Co.

1606 Hongkong 27th July, 1866.

ENGLISH Made BOOTS and SHOES.

Apply to
ALLUM.
Queen's Road, opposite the Market.

2418 Hongkong, 14th September, 1865.

JUST LANDED.

Ex *Carlsruher Hall*.

BEST COPAL VARNISH.
SPERM OIL.
BEEF AND PORK, in quarter barrels for Family use.
THOS. HUNT & Co.

1523 Hongkong, 18th July, 1866.

PER MAIL STEAMER *ORISSA* AND LATE ARRIVALS.

FINE Black Alpaca and Merino Sack and Shooting Coats
Fine Black Alpaca and Merino Trousers and Waistcoats
Price Suits for Summer Use
Fancy Tweed Suits
White Drill and Duck Trousers
White Linen Coats and Jackets
Grey Drill Coats and Trousers
White Waistcoats
Silk Undershirts and Drawers
Merino do do
Crimean Shirts, w

## Extracts.

**The Prospects of Turkey.**

The expected war on the Continent is one necessarily of somewhat uncertain scope; nor is it every alliance and every neutrality is known it will be impossible to assign a limit to the theatre of hostilities. The apparently reckless assertion of Marshal O'Donnell that the year will not pass without a struggle on the part of Spain for the defence of her frontiers, shows that there is a Premier who can predict war in that corner of Europe which is most remote from the armaments and movements of the day. If then we cannot speak with confidence for the expedition of Spain, what shall we say about Turkey, which is for a long distance conterminous with Austria? It certainly seems worth while to consider how far the course of events at present appears to affect the Turkish Empire.

There is some show in two distinct quarters, namely, in Roumania and on the coast of Albania. It must be remembered, however, that the questions concerning these two districts are as distinct as their respective geography. The Roumanian question is one simply of intervention; the other is represented only by a fear that the Italian volunteers who may attack the Adriatic provinces of Austria may on always recognise the close of the liminal boundary that divides those provinces from Turkey. But it appears that the seeming evil is reducing good to the Ottoman Porte. Between the Roumanian intrigue and the menace of attack from across the Adriatic, a sense of common interest is springing up between Russia, Austria, and Turkey. The association of Prince Charles of Hohenzollern is an act by which the Prussian Government has overshadowed its mark; for it has pounded the fossil by Russia. The result has been an understanding, arrived at perhaps for the first time, between Russia and Turkey. At nearly the same moment, through the operation of a distinct cause, the Italian Government has contrived to identify the interests of Turkey with those of Austria on the Adriatic. Now if the union of England and France, as is commonly said, is sufficient to sustain Turkey in any Eastern question it may arise, the union of Russia and Austria will probably be found sufficient to prevent any Eastern question from arising. Whatever, therefore, may be the preparations made to defend the Turkish provinces on the Adriatic, and whatever may be the settlement of Prince Charles' pretensions in Roumania it is probable that Russia, Austria, and Turkey will act in concert, the latter maintaining meanwhile the position of a neutral; and this prospect affords a strong reassurance of the position of Turkey in Europe. There are many who judge lightly of the strength of the Turkish Empire, through its anomalous composition in Europe, its concessions to various principles, and the tranquilities by which it is said to be artificially propped. Whatever may be the force of these views, so far as European Turkey is concerned it is commonly forgotten that the strength and even the wealth of the empire lie more in Asia than in Europe. There the population is chiefly Mahometan and almost purely Turkish. In Asia Minor, for example, there are 11,000,000 genuine Osmanlis, and their activity, and civilization are at all events sufficient to supply Europe with an immense commerce. But upon Turkey, on the other hand, in spite of the protection vouchsafed to it by the straits of Gibraltar from the approaches to the Bosphorus to the Adriatic and the Danube, is almost necessarily the seat of Turkish weakness. The European province, in fact, form the boundary-ground of two immense nations, of which the one is in the act of ascendancy in Eastern Europe, and the other in Western Asia. The Slavonians stretching as far south as Servia and Bosnia, and the Turks as far west as Roumelia, thus divide European Turkey. If real Turks there are not many in institutions, even on the confines of Austria, but the large remainder of the 4,000,000 Mahometans in Europe are the descendants of Slavonian converts. They are, too, bigoted Mussulmans, and are scarcely marked on account of the latitudinarian Turks in Roumelia. With all this, however, the Christians are numerically in the minority, but did this rights having since been conceded to Servia as well as to Moldavia and Wallachia, the number of Christians and Mahometans under distinct Turkish rule in Europe cannot be very dissimilar. The former, however, being divided into Churches and sects with more than common ecclesiastical antipathies, Mahometan unity gains a great advantage.

Sir Henry Bulwer has declared that the Sultan's Christian subjects are much more anxious to destroy one another than to overthrow the Turkish rule. For this reason, and for those of the up-hill national constitution and excessive military position of the Turks, it is not easy to discern the danger, so often spoken of, to the Ottoman rule in Europe, unless it came from the foreign invasion. That overthrow of the Ottoman Empire which has been so often pronounced by liberal prophets who are more often correct in divining than are understood to mean the ordering of the Turks across the Bosphorus. But it seems at the present that such an event were to the whole, the position of the Turkish Empire would probably be stronger in Asia than it now is in Europe. It is from Asia that the bulk of the Turkish army is now drawn, for Christians are declared incapable of bearing arms, and but a small proportion of recruits can be obtained from Europe. The Turkish rule in Asia is on good instances of a national Government, and one of the chief sources of strength to the Turkish rule in Europe is that the former contributes so largely to its support. In applying these considerations to the present position of Turkey on the Danube and the Adriatic we are led to hope that that empire of Europe may be re-united from any great difficulties incident to the present momentous state of the Continent. If ordinary prudence prevails as Christianthople. The Roumanian question is certainly a difficult one, but Turkey should not be unjustly with Russia and Austria, the new Government at Bucharest will probably be unable to hold its ground.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

The *Gunning* states on authority that the Charter-house School is to be removed to the country.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

It is said that the Duke of Hamilton has announced his racing career by laying £ 60,000 to £4,000 against Hermit for the next Derby.—*Sun.*

The *Great Western*, with the new Atlantic cable, was to sail from Sheerness on the 30th of June the entire cable being now completed.—*Times*

ITALY FOR ITALY.—The Government of Italy have just given Messrs. Ralph Heaton and Sons of the Mint, Birmingham orders, to proceed with a further supply of bronze coin for that country. Part is to be sent to Milan, and the remainder of the Mints of Milan and Naples. The remainder of the Mints of Milan and Naples. The whole of the additional quantity of about 1,200 tons is to be delivered as quickly as possible.

Lord Brougham.—appears determined to assert the mental and physical claims of octogenarians against their late assailants. The *Post*, noticing the arrival of the venerable peer at Pau-town Cannes, on his way to England, says:—"He has given every indication of health and capability of daily exertion in an extraordinary at his advanced age. For instance, he left Cannes in the afternoon after an early dinner, travelled all night and the next day, and arrived in Paris in the evening, then after a night's rest left for Calais on the 13 inst. on his French silent for friends, not retiring to rest until nearly midnight." The performance is certainly not an unusual one for a gentleman born in the year 1779.

A Lancaster Regiment.—This morning a Landwehr Regiment of Cleves is to be paraded before the Palace, but after being inspected, rode through the town. The men gave evident symptoms of their having been signalled but a short time, but were a stout and healthy appearance. Their arms were not as bright as they were their clothes would make us seen in any review of Hyde Park cavalry, but they gave the idea of being of the right metal. It is many in a short time very early and serviceable troops. The horses seem fully small, and in very light, but they are well put together, and do not appear to suffer, even in the present hot weather, from the heavy weights put upon their backs. Though their riders are far too heavy with their long heavy lances on thick woollen saddle-cloths for horses, still about a good deal in their saddles, while the files are pressed so close to go her that how the centre lines can been be at all is a marvel, the wiry little animals, which to the eye do not look much stronger than many thoroughbred racing breeds, step out prickly and lightly, and are spirited never to tire. How many more backs or rubbed withers there may be after a long march can only be known to those who have penetrated into their stables on such an occasion. There was no evidence of anything of the sort, as far as could be seen, in the ranks.—*The Military correspondent of the "Times" with the Prussians*

## Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c.

TO LET.

*With immediate possession.*

THE large and commodious house lately occupied by Messrs. Cassumbhoy Nathabhoy Sons & Co., Gage Street, corner of Peel Street.

For particulars, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.

if 1340 Hongkong, 30th July, 1866.

TO LET.

*with immediate possession*

THAT large, airy 10 Roomed HOUSE, known as "Harperville," situated in the rear of the Albany. Fine Stables and Garden. Rent cheap

Apply to J. W. PEARCE.

if 1305 Hongkong, 23rd July, 1866

TO LET.

*With immediate Possession.*

THE large and commodious HOUSE in Queen's Road, opposite the Central Bank, lately occupied by Messrs. Parker & Co.

For particulars, apply to

A. PESTONJEE, Londesat Terrace.

if 1338 Hongkong, 21st July, 1866.

TO LET.

THE HOUSE and GODOWNS on the Praya at present occupied by Messrs. Lindsay & Co.

Apply to T. G. LINSTEAD,

if 1330 Hongkong, 19th July, 1866.

TO LET.

TWO or three ROOMS suitable for an Office on the ground floor of the newly built house on the Praya, next to the Oriental Bank. For particulars apply to

P. P. OAMA & Co.

if 1306 Hongkong, 16th July, 1866.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES of the late Oriental Hotel, consisting of three Houses, with Kitchen, Out-houses, and Stables, (Gas and Water being laid on all through the premises,) either together or separately. Alterations to suit parties may be made if taken for a length of time.

For particulars apply to LANDSTEIN & Co.

if 1274 Hongkong 11th July, 1866.

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET.

THE Property at Pagoboor which belonged to the late Mr. of Messrs. Turner & Co., consisting of GODOWNS, Tea Hong, &c.

Apply to H. W. WOOD, and W. KAYE.

if 612 Hongkong, 2nd February, 1866.

TO LET.

GRAVITG Godowns at Wanchi, having water frontage. Apply to P. & A. C. OAMA.

1626 & 7s.

Jan 1409 Hongkong, 3rd July 1866.

TO LET.

with immediate possession.

FURNISHED MATSHED at Pokefoolam with Stable and Out-houses attached. Furnished in land tea de with board.

For particulars apply to

A. PESTONJEE, Lyndhurst Terrace.

if 1340 Hongkong, 30th July, 1866.

TO LET.

with immediate possession

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For particulars apply to

A. PESTONJEE, Lyndhurst Terrace.

if 1340 Hongkong, 30th July, 1866.

TO LET.

A COMMODIOUS HOUSE, situated in Caine Road Rent, suitable for a family residence, containing 8 Rooms, Bathroom, &c. There is a Stable adjoining.

For particulars apply to

if 1323 Hongkong, 5th July, 1866.

TO LET.

with immediate possession.

TWO airy ROOMS, with Verandah and Bathroom. The same may be had furnished or unfurnished.

For particulars apply to

Wm. SCHMIDT & Co.

Wellington Street, No. 23, corner of Pottinger St.

if 1324 Hongkong, 5th July, 1866

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT newly erected commodious DWELLING HOUSE containing eight Rooms, Kitchen, Godlies' Rooms, etc., also Stabling and Garden grounds, situated next the residence of Captain Thomsett, West Point, between Bonham and Pokfoolum Roads on Inland Lot No. 757. For terms apply to Mr. Thos. M. Barrington, 36, Wyndha's Street.

if 2041 Hongkong, 5th December, 1865.

TO LET.

A Office on First FLOOR. Enquire of BONNETT and Co.

Or WYNDHAM STREET.

back of C'ah.

if 118 Hongkong, 5th une, 1866.

TO LET.

THE Premises recently occupied by Messrs Roy & Co. Apply to

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY

if 832 Hongkong, 2nd May, 1866

TO LET.

*with immediate possession.*

THE Premises on the Praya, formerly occupied by Messrs. Cunninghame & Co., can be used as a Store or Dwelling House, or as Godowns.

For particulars apply to

PHILLIPS, MOORE and Co.

if 896 Hongkong, 2nd May, 1866.

*With immediate possession.*

A PORTION of the premises known as the Custom House, with entrance on Wyndham Street, suitable for an office or dwelling.

Apply at the Oriental Hotel.

if 751 Hongkong 17th April, 1866.

A DRY GODOWN to let in Queen's Road

Apply to

MISS GARRETT.

if 607 Hongkong, 31st March, 1866.

TO LET

FOR a term of years, with early possession, the one desirable premises in Bank Building situated between the Agra Bank and Dunpar Bank, opposite the Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan. The principal building is very suitable for division into Offices or Chambers.

For further particulars apply to

GILMAN and Co

if 697 Hongkong, 17th April, 1866.

TO LET.

THE spacious premises on the Queen's Road, now occupied by Messrs. PARKER & Co., admirably suited for a Banking institution or large Mercantile firm.

Apply on the Premises.

if 274 Hongkong, 10th February, 1866.

*With immediate possession.*

THE Property known as "ALMADA PLACE," having a frontage of Eighty-three feet on Wellington and Gage Streets, and of two hundred and twenty-six feet on Aberdeen Street, comprising a superficial area of about 19,000 square feet.

Annual Ground Rent £.2. 12. 6.

For further particulars apply to

GIBB LIVINGSTON and Co.

if Hongkong, 21st February, 1866.

TO BE LET.

THAT very commodious and delightfully situated House on Bonham Road, named *Peacemphilla*, having 12 large and airy Rooms, with Bath Rooms, Cuboys. Out houses, Stables, &c. Water-pipes are laid into the premises, and Gas fitted into all the brackets lights, with Chandeliers &c. &c. The Bungalow has a nice spacious Garden having about 200 flower pots and beautifully built fountain in the centre Rent moderate.

Possession can be had immediately. Apply to

DORABJEE NOWROJEE.

if 1001 Hongkong, 1st May, 1866.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A NEW and small as Bungalow containing six Rooms, Bath-Rooms and Servants' Offices, and commands the whole view of the harbor and town, and delightfully situated behind the Albany. Subscribers at Mr. W. B. Alexander's residence

Apply to E. PESTONJEE.

Or 384 Lyndhurst Terrace.

if 229 Hongkong, 12th February, 1866.

TO LET.

THE building known as Marine House, lately occupied by Messrs. Dent & Co., situated in the most central part of the Town, fronting the Queen's Road thoroughly repaired and in good order. This Building is particularly suitable for a Bank or Mercantile Establishment, having a fire proof granite Treasury, and besides several godowns for the storage of ordinary goods also a fire-proof vaulted godown, especially adapted for the storage of opium or other valuable goods for the storage of opium or other valuable goods

Apply to R. B. SLATE,

Secretary Hongkong Hotel Co.'d Limited.'

Club Chambers.

if 995 Hongkong, 17th May, 1866.

TO BE LET.

THE OFFICE and GODOWN situated at the corner of Wellington and Aberdeen Streets, and at present in the occupation of Messrs. Remedie Rot and Sander.

For particulars apply to

GIBB LIVINGSTON and Co.

if 803 Hongkong, 5th March, 1865.

A SPACIOUS GODOWN on the Praya Central.

Apply to DE SILVER and Co.

if 129 Hongkong, 17th January, 1866.

## Insurances.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have received authority by a recent Mail to issue LIFE POLICIES to amounts not exceeding £1,000 without reference to the Head Offices, as was previously required by the Board.

ROBT. S. WALKER and Co.,

*Agents, Royal Insurance Co.*

555 Hongkong, 7th January, 1866.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

*Capital*— One Million Sterling.

THE DIRECTORS have the pleasure to announce the appointment of Messrs. HOLLIDAY WISE & Co., as Agents for this Company at Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, and Foochow, who are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates, and of whom all needful information may be obtained.

By Order of the Board

JAMES B. N ORTHCOTT,

*Secretary.*

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above-named Company at Hongkong, are prepared to grant Policies, payable at any of the following Ports:—

London, Madras,
Calcutta, Melbourne,
Bombay, The Cape,
Karrachee, Shanghai,

SMITH, KENNEDY and Co.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1866

THE NETHERLANDS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LEEUWARDEN.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept Risks against Fire on the usual terms.

ROURIAU, BUBBNER and Co.

if 841 Hongkong, 4th April, 1866.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above office are prepared to grant Policies against Fire on the usual Terms and conditions. Risk will also be accepted at the following ports:—

Canton, by Messrs. Deacon & Co.,
Macao, by E. L. Lapoa, Esq.,
Amoy, by Messrs. Boyd & Co.
Foochow, by Messrs. Kinnear & Co.

Full particulars of Rates, &c., may be obtained on application to

ADAM SCOTT & Co., Agents.

if 1033 Hongkong, 23rd May, 1866.

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

A RETURN of (15%) Fifteen per cent. instead of (10%) Ten per cent. will after this date be made on the premium payable on Policies issued in China by the above named Association.

RUSSELL & Co., *Secretaries.*

if 489 Hongkong, 14th March 1866

THE ELPHINSTON INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for THE ELPHINSTON INSURANCE COMPANY of Bombay, are prepared to take Risks to the extent of one lakh of Rupees on Sailing Ships, and one lakh and a half in Steamers, payable in Bombay, Karrachee, Cochin, Colombo, Madras, Calcutta, Rangoon, Moulmain, Singapore, Shanghai, London, and Liverpool, at which Ports the Company has organised branches.

JAMSETJEE, NUSSERWANJEE & Co.

499 Hongkong, 1st January, 1866.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town and their contents, } ½ per cent.

Other dwelling Houses, used strictly as such, and their Contents } 1 per cent.

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents } 1 per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON and Co.

Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

if 864 Hongkong, 7th March, 1866.

LIVERPOOL LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurances viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town } ½ per cent.

and their contents.

Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents. } ¾ per cent.

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents. } 1 per cent.

SMITH, KENNEDY and Co.

Agents Liverpool, London, and Gl be Insurance Company.

if 869 Hongkong, 8th March, 1865.

YANG-TZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Secretaries and Agents of this Association, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine Risks at current rates of premium. Policies can be made payable in London, New York, Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, Foochow and Shanghai.

In addition to the usual brokerage this Association returns to the assured of each year at the close of each current year, fifteen (15) per cent. of the profits of the Company for that year divided pro rata to the amount of premium paid by each policy-holder.

RUSSELL and Co.

Hongkong, November, 1862.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, Tls. 2.0.0.000.

In 400 Shares, of Tls. 5,000 each.

Paid-up Capital, Tls. 200,000.

*Directors.*

GEORGE TYSON, Esq. (Messrs. Russell & Co.)—*Chairman.*

J. H. Bell, Esq., (Messrs. W. R. Adamson & Co.)

F. Peters, Esq. (Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co.)

J. Thorne, Esq. (Messrs. Thorne Bros & Co.)

R. R. Tyers, Esq. (Messrs. Olyphant and Co.)

A. J. How, Esq. (Messrs. Johnson & Co.)

Agencies are established at the several ports of China and Japan.

L. JOSEPHS, *Secretary.*

Shanghai, 22nd August, 1864

REDUCTION

*In the rates of premium for*

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE undersigned have (as already intimated in their Circular dated 24th October last) received authority from the Secretary of the Royal Insurance Company to reduce the rate of Premium under certain circumstances, on private residences and on Furniture and effects therein contained.

In cases of Dwelling Houses removed from the Town the rate of premium will be three-quarters per cent. in place of one per cent. per annum as hitherto charged, and in cases of Residences so situated being detached or semi-detached the rate will be further reduced to one-half per cent.

The Royal's annual rates for Five Insurance on the various classes of Buildings and their contents will therefore remain as follows until further notice, viz:—

Detached and semi-detach d Dwelling Houses, (removed from the Town) and their contents..... } ½ per cent.

Other Dwelling Houses (similarly situated) and their contents..... } ¾ per cent

Offices and Godowns, and their contents..... } 1 per cent

China Houses and } First Class. 1½ per cent.

their contents..... } Second Class 1¼ per cent.

Other Risks by special arrangement.

ROBERT, S. WALKER & Co.,

*Agents, Royal Insurance Company.*

if 714 Hongkong, 7th January, 1865.

AMICABLE IN-URANCE OFFICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept Marine Risks, and issue Policies on any First-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay or London.

ROBT. S. WALKER and Co.

if Hongkong, 8th October, 1865.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

JAMES HARTLEY & Co.—*Managers.*

ESTABLISHED 1843.

THE Undersigned is authorised to accept Risks on behalf of their Office, by First Class Steamers.

THOS. SUTHERLAND. *Agent.*

if Hongkong, 17th March, 1863.

## Business Announcements.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REGISTERED UNDER THE COMPANY'S ORDINANCE, A.D. 1865.

Capital One Million Dollars

THE above Company is now prepared to grant Policies against Fire.

JARDINE MATHESON and Co.,

*General Managers.*

if 1202 Hongkong, 9th June, 1866

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for the above INSURANCE COMPANY are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine Risks at the Current Rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

6 a 1879 Hongkong, 24th June, 1866.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON

CAPITAL £2,500,000 FULLY SUBSCRIBED.

THE under igned having been appointed Agents for this Company are prepared to accept Marine and Fire Risks on the usual terms.

THE BORNEO COMPANY LIMITED.

if 780 Hongkong, 16th February, 1865.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES at the usual Terms.

SMITH KENNEDY and Co.

203 Hongkong 4th November, 1864.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. (FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the risk of Fire on Buildings or on goods Stored therein, on Oasis in Marshoos, on goods on board Vessels, and on hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual terms and conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted in first Class Lives up to £1,000 on a single Life.

For rates of premium, forms of proposals, or any other information.

Apply to

OXFORD and Co.

Agents at Hongkong and Canton.

1y 2734 Hongkong, 3rd November, 1865.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for Hongkong and Canton, and are prepared to grant Insurance Policies against fire on brick and tiled godowns, Dwelling Houses, &c., and on goods and other property stored therein.

THE HORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED,

of 2814 Hongkong, 13th November, 1865.

HAMBURG, BREMEN, FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept insurance against Fire at Hongkong and at any of the open ports in China to the amount of Mexican $30 000 on one Risk.

Wm. PUSTAU and Co. *Agents*

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1864.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept INSURANCES against FIRE upon European Buildings and Merchandize, and upon Chinese Property.

LYALL, STILL & Co.

122 Hongkong, 20th October, 1864.

"ORIENTAL INSURANCE SOCIETY."

THE undersigned having been appointed Agent in China for the "Oriental Insurance Society" of Bombay is prepared to accept Marine risks on goods and freight by sailing Vessels and Steamers, and grant Policies on the usual terms payable in case of loss in Hongkong, Calcutta, Bombay and London.

BURJURSHEE POONJABHOY.

if 2017 Hongkong, 16th December 1865.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling House, removed from Town, and their contents. } ½ per cent. per annum

Other dwelling House used strictly as such, and their contents } ¾ "

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents. } 1 "

GILMAN and Co.

Agents North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

if 886 Hongkong, 10th March, 1865.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $30,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON and Co.

if Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against sea risks at current rates.

RUSSELL and Co.

if 1022 Hongkong, 1st April, 1865.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town, and their contents } ½ per cent.

Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents. } ¾ per cent.

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents. } 1 per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON and Co.

Agents China Fire Insurance Company

if 873 Hongkong 8th March, 1865.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses, removed from town and their contents. } ½ per cent.

Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such and their contents. } ¾ per cent.

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents. } 1 per cent.

SMITH, KENNEDY and Co.

Agents Phœnix Assurance.

if 870 Hongkong 8th March, 1865.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Coals, and other Merchandize in their own Boats, and to receive the same on Storage in first class GRANTING GODOWNS on moderate terms.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,

if Hongkong, 4th March, 1858.

STORAGE.

TO LET a fine GRANITE GODOWN, in the Eastern part of Wanchi.

LANDSTEIN & Co.

if 1727 Hongkong, 4th November, 1865.

STORAGE can be had in GRANITE GODOWNS next to the French Consul, at Dunlop Street, on moderate terms.

Apply to RAY & Co.

if 1778 Hongkong, 30th June 1865.

2 GRANITE GODOWNS on Marine Lot No. 715, at Wanchi, having Water frontage and about 25,000 Piculs building capacity for one or two.

Apply to DORABJEE NOWROJEE.

if 85 Hongkong, 4th January, 1865.

SILVERIRA AND Co

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Queen's Road.

*Opposite the Oriental Bank.*

if 1230 Hongkong, 14th June, 1866.

YAU-E-CHUNG

PHOTOGRAPHER.

PORTRAIT PAINTER, &c.

*Has all sorts and kinds of Pictures for sale at moderate prices.*

No. 66, Queen's Road, Hongkong.

8577 *UP STAIRS.*

3m 971 Hongkong, 15th May, 1866.

J. THOMAS & Co.

SHIP CHANDLERS, SAIL MAKERS, WINE, BEER AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS, AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS

No. 58, *Praya West.*

Formerly occupied by Messrs. Cunningham & Co.

if 1418 Hongkong, 4th July, 1866.

## Business Announcements.

ICE CREAM AND ICE CREAM PUDDINGS ALWAYS READY, AT

N. CREMER'S CONFECTIONERY,

*Wellington Street, No. 33, Opposite the Catholic Church.*

All Orders will be promptly executed and forwarded to any address indicated.

if 1442 Hongkong, 7th July, 1866.

HONGKONG BAKERY.

DORABJEE NOWROJEE begs to inform the Public, that he has established a *Bakery* Fancy, Pastry and Confectionery Business at his premises, Queen's Road, opposite the Oriental Bank, and hopes from his long experience and careful attention to merit the patronage and support of the Public.

Hongkong, 4th August, 1866.

NEW TONSORIAL SALOON.

PROFESSOR WHEELER has the honor to inform the community that he has removed his Hair Cutting Establishment from the Oriental Hotel to the premises between Mr. A. Boyer's and Miss Rose's Millinery establishments on Wellington Street. He begs to tender his sincere thanks for their past favors and trusts that the change of abode may be the means of increasing his list of patrons. Attached is also a commodious Dye Room, where those who are prematurely grey, and are anxious to rejuvenate their appearance can put on youth's most glossy locks with the magician's celerity. He is happy to inform them that he has also in operation his refreshing and invigorating Shower Bath which one has but to try to appreciate, especially during the summer months. Everything that luxury and comfort can desire is to be found in his new establishment.

He will be happy to call upon patrons at their private residences upon receiving intimation requiring his services. P. S.—Particular attention paid to setting razors.

PROFESSOR WHEELER,

Hair Cutter and Hair Dresser,

Wellington Street.

Next door to Alexander Beyer's,

if 863 Hongkong, 3rd May, 1866.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS & SHIP MASTERS.

JOHN PATERSON,

Late with Messrs Logan & Co.

House and Ship Plumber, Gas Fitter, and Tin Worker.

Peel's West, Ashing's Yard, Next to Mr. Logan

if 1150 Hongkong, 15th April, 1866.

ELECTRO PLATING AND GUILDING MANUFACTURER.

THE Undersigned respectfully begs to inform the Public and the Community of Hongkong, that he has fully established himself as

ELECTRO PLATER & GUILDER

of every kind of Gold and Silver-wares, on the premises, Queen's Road, opposite the Oriental Bank, as known by Mr. Dorabjee Nowrojee's Bank, as known by Mr. Dorabjee Nowrojee's Bank, as known by Mr. Dorabjee Nowrojee's